P & O
SCOTCH WHISKY.
10 YEARS OLD.
The only "SCOTCH" supplied
TO THE GREATER BRITAIN EXHIBITION
Rs. 2-12-0 PER BOTTLE.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 51,741—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1899.

VISITORS TO THE OLD COUNTRY
BAILEY'S
(UNDER ROYAL PATRONAGE)
HOTEL
GLOUCESTER ROAD, LONDON.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

PASSENGERS' LANDING ARRANGEMENTS.

ON ARRIVAL of the ENGLISH MAIL at BOMBAY, Passengers will be landed at Sorabjee's Pier at HALLARD PIER. All Baggage will be landed at the same place, where it will be sorted and be landed Delivered after payment of duty.

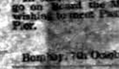
No Passengers or Friends except those of the P. and O. Company will be allowed alongside the Steamer until the Passengers have left.

In order to prevent confusion, no person will be allowed to go on Board the Mail steamers on Arrival, and Friends wishing to meet Passengers must await them on the Ballard Pier.

F. C. ALLEN,
Acting Superintendent.

Bombay, 7th October 1899.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.



DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY, 2 P.M., 1899.
M. L. MASSILIA	5726	C. Gadd	7th Oct.
P. M. CARTHAGE	5136	E. London	14th "
M. L. VALETTA	5623	C. F. Preston	21st "
SHANNON	4302	L. M. Wilmer	28th "
M. L. BRINDISI	5262	O. Langhorne	4th Nov.
M. L. ARCADIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	11th "
M. L. CARTHAGE	5136	C. Gadd	18th "
P. M. GIBRALTAR	3568	H. Gordon	25th "
M. L. ARCADIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	2nd Dec.
M. L. PENINSULAR	3287	W. Wheler	9th "
M. L. CARTHAGE	5136	F. Gordon	16th "
M. L. SHANNON	4302	L. M. Wilmer	23rd "
M. L. PENINSULAR	3287	W. Wheler	30th "

The steamers marked M.L. proceed to MARSEILLES PLYMOUTH and LONDON.

The steamers marked * proceed to ADEN only, and passengers by these must join MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH or LONDON steamers.

The [illegible] closed at present owing to quarantine.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to Sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 A.M. and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals, calling at Ports en route.

For further particulars apply to

F. C. ALLEN,
Acting Superintendent. P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay 23rd September, 1899.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on
IMPERATOR	G. Klausberger	4,140	1st Nov, 1899.
IMPERATRIX	G. Morovich	4,213	1st Dec. 1899.
IMPERATOR	G. Klausberger	4,140	1st Jan. 1900.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600.	Rs. 350.	Rs. 150.

TO TRIESTE, VIA KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on or about
* TRIESTE	A. Mitis	4,095	14th Oct., 1899.
MARIA VALERIE	A. Fellner	4,235	13th Nov., 1899.
POSEIDON	A. Leva	3,878	7th Dec. 1899.

* She will not call at Karachi.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 375	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Available for 6 months	Rs. 960,	Rs. 575,
Available for 12 months	" 1,060.	" 625.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to passengers on three months' privilege leave,

Steamers leave TRIESTE for BOMBAY direct on the 3rd and those via KURRACHEE on the 23rd of each month.

Passengers at VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, SHANGHAI AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
VINDOBONA	G. Bellen	4,351	22nd Oct., 1899.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage &c., apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.

Sassoon House, 2, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Sept., 30, 1899

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.
VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on Tuesday,
SALAZIE	4,325	Aubert	24th Oct. 1899
TONKIN	6,300	Vaquier	21st Nov. 1899.
CALEDONIEN	4,331	Requier	19th Dec. 1899

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on or about,
YARRA	4,255	Rogliano	19th Oct., 1899.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

For further Particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.

Old Oriental Bank Buildings, 57 Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. Mail, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the selection of Berths and Special Grouping of Passengers.

THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.

CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.

PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.

REDUCED RATES to Railway Family employes, Parties and Missionaries.

OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the world to India.

HOTEL COUPONS available at over 2,000 Hotels.

REDUCED FARES for Military Officers, Government Officials, and Missionaries to Europe via China and America.

HEAVY BAGGAGE received, forwarded and insured.

LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE policies issued.

CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT issued for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, and Foreign money bought and supplied, CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received. Rate of interest on application.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking and Money Agency transacted.

Books of Information free on application

BOMBAY: 13, Esplanade [illegible]

CALCUTTA: Old Court House Street.

LA[illegible] THE LAW.—Being a Selection [illegible] CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH [illegible] done in VERSE also the reasons [illegible] given by W. E. H. PEIRCE, Esq., [illegible] at the Office.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 13th October, at 1 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on the 10th October, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder and Dutch Mandvie (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KILWA," 1,552 tons, at 10 a.m., on the 13th October, calling at Kurrachee Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahmerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR ADEN, MOMBASSA, ZANZIBAR AND LAMOO.

S. S. "GOA," 1,903 tons, on or about 3rd November.

FOR SEYCHELLES, MOMBASSA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "CHINDWARA," 2,011 tons, on or about 28th October.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. KHANDALLA," 2,040 tons, on or about 7th October.

FOR MANILA.

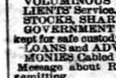
A THREE WEEKLY direct service has been started from Calcutta to Manila, calling at Rangoon, Penang and Singapore, rates for Passengers and Cargo, and dates of sailing can be obtained from the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 6th October, 1899.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.



PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY,

GRINDLAY & Co.,
CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS,

PASSAGES booked without charge, and on favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.

SLEEPING Car and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.

TEA PLANTERS, RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, booked at reduced rates.

PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND *via* JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.

HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and of Sailings by all Lines sent FREE on application.

PASSENGERS met on arrival.

BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.

PACKAGES cleared or shipped.

CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

London Agents: GRINDLAY & CO.

WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.,

BANKERS & AGENTS,

BOMBAY—8, Hornby Road.
CALCUTTA—8-1, Council House Street.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
LONDON—7, Waterloo Place, S. W.
LIVERPOOL—23, Water Street.
PORT SAID—8, Quay Francois Joseph.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with any amount over Rs. 200 without charge for Commission, and Interest allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 3, 6, 9 and 12 Months, at Interest to be learned on application.

PAY, PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES collected FREE of COMMISSION, and without Life Certificates.

Letters of CREDIT payable anywhere, issued at Current Rates.

DRAFTS, CHEQUES AND BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for Collection.

TELEGRAPHIC AND REGULAR HOME FAMILY REMITTANCES made AT THE BEST Exchange rate of the day.

ADDRESSES of HOME friends for Telegraphic purposes registered FREE.

VOLUMINOUS Private CODE minimizing expense, at CLIENTS' Service.

STOCKS, SHARES, &c., bought and sold.

GOVERNMENT PAPER AND OTHER SECURITIES kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.

MONIES Cabled and paid same day in England. Cost o Message about Rs. 8, and NO COMMISSION charged for remitting.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at specially favourable rates.

ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE—effected at reasonable rates.

Agents for the STANDARD and ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICES.

Full information promptly given and Handbooks sent free on application.

TO LOVERS OF ART.

THE establishment in the "First City in India" of a high class and fashionable Art Gallery, fitted up in the most approved and artistic style, where artists and their patrons can at all times meet to their mutual advantage, and to the advancement of Art itself, has been our desire for [illegible] years past; but the difficulties in the way of its fulfilment have been so great that the scheme has had to be abandoned—for the time being at least. We are persuaded that were we able to secure the influential support of those in high places and the help of lovers of Art in the Presidency, the Gallery would be a *fait accompli*. Another object of ours in wishing to form an Art Gallery is that we may be able to educate the native mind, and, by furnishing the people with an opportunity of viewing and comparing European work with the crude and absurd productions they have been accustomed to, cultivate a refined and more artistic taste in them. Surely this worthy desire ought to have the encouragement it deserves from all true lovers of Art!

In submitting our new Catalogue to the public, which can be obtained on application, we desire to place this object prominently before them, at the same time thanking them for the patronage and support they have already given us. It has enabled us to place the concern in some degree in as favoured a position as some of the leading Picture Dealers' establishments in London or Paris; so far, at least, as India is concerned.

A new feature, as will be seen in the present issue of the Catalogue, is that we have included all the different lines of business which we undertake in one and the same cover, whereas in former years they were printed in separate handbooks, leaflets, &c., necessitating a deal of needless repetition.

It has, therefore, been our endeavour to spare the public the tediousness of the task of looking through a number of separate prints for what they require, by compiling the present issue in as concise and handy a form as possible, adding to it an Index—a feature that was not possible to introduce in the former erratic sort of publications.

Of course, we are sensible of many defects in this our first venture: the principal one being the impossibility to embody in a trade catalogue a complete list of our stock of Engravings. We would, therefore, request those seeking any known engraving not enumerated herein to communicate with us.

We have, further, the pleasure of notifying our *clientele* of our removel into more spacious and conspicuous premises, the address of which we would ask them to kindly take particular note.

Hoping for a continuance of the esteemed patronage and support of our customers, and the public in general.

D. B. DINSHAW & CO.,
BOMBAY FINE ART GALLERY,
ESPLANADE ROAD,
[illegible] Bombay Club.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE & CO.,
Proprietors.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

OPEN CURRENT and DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS and transact BANKING BUSINESS generally on terms which may be learnt on application; also REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL Agency.

LONDON AGENTS:—GRINDLAY & Co.

F. S. MADON AND CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS,
AND
GENERAL MERCHANTS.
Up-Country Orders carefully and promptly executed.

PLEASE NOTE:—For the Safe Delivery of Orders and Correspondence ADDRESS us as below, because there are others trading under the name of Madon.

F. S. MADON AND CO.,
170, SHAIK MEMON STREET
BOMBAY.

WHISKEY! WHISKEY!!

ONE OF THE FINEST
SCOTCH WHISKIES
over imported into this country is
Messrs. PETER KEEGAN & CO.'S
OLD HIGHLAND "BALMORE" WHISKEY.
ESTABLISHED 1820.
HIGHEST POSSIBLE AWARD AND FIRST GOLD MEDAL, INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, 1897.

Nothing Finer or Better. Supplied to all the Crack Hotels and Restaurants of Bombay.

Every bottle bears a certificate from the great eminent Physician, Analyst and Scientist, Sir CHARLES CAMERONE, M.D.; D.Ph.; Professor of Chemistry, R.C.S.I., M.P., &c., &c.

Try it only once and you will never like any other. Absolutely pure and well matured.

To be had Retail of Messrs. B. PHILLIPS & Co., Ld. FELICE CORNAGLIA, MORENAS & Co., D. C. UMRIGUR, &c., &c.

Benefit of introduction at Specially Low Rates to Messes, Clubs, Hotels, &c.

Apply for further particulars at the HEAD OFFICE, 18, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay.

GLIMPSES OF THE EAST.

40 LOVELY PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS, comprising the most picturesque and interesting places of INDIA, BURMAH, CEYLON, and the STRAITS with full descriptive matter. Size of views, 9 1-2 in. by 7 1-2 in.

Rs. 3 only, the complete set. Paper Cover.

JUST THINK OF IT!!!

A VIEW ALBUM, containing a set of 24 views of the most prominent places in CALCUTTA, DARJEELING, and SIMLA, bound neatly in Cloth. (GILT) Covers, Size of Views, 4 in. by 4 1-2 in. s. 1-8 each album—A grand thing for presentation or for friends abroad. Cash or V. P. P.

TRUSTT & CO.,
145-1, Dhurumatollah Street, Calcutta.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ALL
INTENDING ASSURERS
should send for particulars of the
ORIENTAL'S
LIFE POLICY.
THE
Best and Cheapest Assurance obtainable in India.

THE FUNDS
EXCEED
RS. 1,50,00,000.

Claims Paid Over
NINETY LACS,
Since the Company was Established in 1874.

As the Expenses of Management are lower than those of any other Company of the same age, the "Oriental" can afford to grant POLICIES with Exceptionable Benefits.

Moderate Premiums
Unquestionable Security,
Liberal Surrender Values
Immediate Settlement of Claims

Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application to the Office,

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Manager and Actuary.

R. SCOTT & CO., M. R. C. V. S.,

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES
Girgaum, and 323, Bellasis Road, Byculla.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and [illegible] Horses Selected for Local and Up-country Customers, Horses Sold on the most approved principles [illegible] Horses Boarded at Rs. 15 per month. Horses Trained, Ridden and Driven. Carriages, Buggies, Rs. 150, 125 and double Harness Rs. 125 per pair (Rs. 10 "Duty" allowed Charged extra).

[illegible]

CRUSHED FOOD OATS, BRAN, &c., Supplied.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED.

ELECTRO-PLATE
AND
CUTLERY DEPARTMENTS.

THE "CAVENDISH"
TABLE CUTLERY.

Made in Sheffield from Extra Quality Steel, Hand Forged, and Carefully Tempered, none better procurable, in Ivory and Ivorine Handles.

TREACHER & CO.'S EXTRA QUALITY
TABLE PLATE.

Guaranteed to stand hard wear for 20 Years; strictly plated on the best Nickel Silver.

A Splendid Selection of all kinds of Articles in Electro-plate, Ornamental, and Useful.

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, POONA.

BRITISH EMPIRE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO.,

To which has been transferred the business of

THE POSITIVE GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LD.

ASSETS.....£2,470,000 PREMIUM AND INTEREST INCOME.....£370,000

Military and Naval Lives Assured on advantageous Terms.
Temperance Section for Europeans.
Special Bonus in the Temperance Section.
Native and European Lives Assured at uniform Rates.
Volunteers' Risks at ordinary rates without extra charge
Six per cent. Investment Policies.
Whole Life and Endowment Assurances.

AGENTS for the Bombay Presidency:—

LATHAM & Co., Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

GREATEST OF ALL REMEDIES.

WELL'S HEALTH RENEWER.—For Indigestion, Debility or Wasting, Liver and Kidney diseases an Incomparable Brain Food. Rs. 3-12 per bottle.
WELL'S CHAPIN'S BUCHU-PAIHA.—Catarrh of the Bladder and Kidney and Urinary cure. Per bottle Rs. 3-12.
WELL'S ROUGH ON PILES.—Sure cure for all forms of Piles or Hemorrhoids, Bleeding, Protruding, etc. Per box, Rs. 1-12.
WELL'S HAIR BALSAM.—Life of the Hair. Per box, Rs. 1-12 and 3-12.
WELL'S LEAURELLE OIL BALM.—The great Beautifier. Rs. 1-12.
WELL'S INVISIBLE VELVET CREAM.—For Face, Neck and Arms. A Magic Complexion Beautifier. Per bottle Rs. 3-12.

AGENTS:—F. S. MADON & Co.,
170, Shaik Memon Street, BOMBAY.
E. S. WELLS—JERSEY CITY, U. S. A.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

PAR EXCELLENCE THE LEADING BRAND

OF INDIAN CIGARS.

WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST AND CATALOGUE.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,

McDOWELL AND CO., LD.

MADRAS. LONDON

GENUINE
HUSCH[illegible]
COL[illegible]
(LEADING[illegible]

HAS been imported into T[illegible] in increasing quantities f[illegible] its excellent qualities are well [illegible] Imitations have reached this [illegible] forward, bearing labels close[illegible] Label. All such imitations [illegible] ed to beware of them, and to [illegible] bears the 3 Stars in Blue, an[illegible] the bottle, the inscription:

"GENUINE H[illegible]

To be had from all Gr[illegible]

RUSTOMJ[illegible]
18, PARS[illegible]

REVISED PRICES OF OPTICAL GOODS.

FOLDERS OR PINCE-NEZ.

	Steel. Rs.	Silver. Rs.	Gold. Rs.
Best Crown Glass	5	16	25
Fine Quality Pebbles	8	20	32
Marcks & Co's. Pebbles	12	24	45
Dr. Menist's Pebbles	16	28	50

SPECTACLES (TURNPIN)

Best Crown Glass	5	16	35
Fine Quality Pebbles	10	20	40
Marcks & Co's. Pebbles	12	24	50
Dr. Menist's Pebbles	16	25	60

SPECTACLES (SINGLE TEMPLE)

Best Crown Glass	5	14	28
Fine Quality Pebbles	10	18	35
Marcks & Co's. Pebbles	12	24	45
Dr. Menist's Pebbles	16	28	50

VIOLET TINTED SUN GLARE & DUST GLASSES.

Steel Frames, Rs. 6; Nickelled, Rs. 8; Silver, Rs. 30; Gold, Rs. 75.

FIELD AND MARINE GLASSES with ACHROMATIC LENSES.

Japanned Mounts and Russia Leather in cases From Rs. 20.

OPERA GLASSES FROM Rs. 8. MARCKS & CO., LD., BINOCULARS AND FIELD GLASSES.
BOMBAY & POONA.

PHILLIPS & Co.; Ld.

CLEARANCE SALE.

THE REMAINING STOCKS
ARE NOW BEING CLEARED OF AT
FABULOUSLY LOW PRICES.
FOR ONLY A FEW DAYS MORE.
CASH ONLY.

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

[ESTABLISHED 1862]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

NORWICH & LONDON ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

(ESTABLISHED 1856).

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,
(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON.
(ESTABLISHED 1782).

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.,
(ESTABLISHED 1850).

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, ACCIDENT, and FIRE RISKS.

Terms on application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

DEVERNEY'S SALVER.

JUST THE THING WANTED!

ALL WHO WANT TO POSSESS
SILVERY SALVERS,
USEFUL IN ALL HOUSEHOLDS AS A
SALVER, WINE TRAY, TEA TRAY, CAKE TRAY, &c.,
CAN HAVE ANY NUMBER
PRESENTED
TO THEM BY BUYING
DEVERNEY'S
BRANDY.
THESE SALVERS WILL BE GIVEN
TO EVERY ONE.
ONE WITH EACH BOTTLE
BY ALL WINE MERCHANTS IN BOMBAY AND THE MOFUSSIL

IMPORTANT TO CYCLISTS.

(The Triumph of the Creation is the Creation of the "Triumph")
Patronized by Royalty.

"THE RESILIENT TRIUMPH"

Has lately caused great commotion [illegible]
It is a Natural Spring [illegible]
The forks and frames of the [illegible] absorb the vibration before it reaches [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THACKER & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

THE CONTEMPORARY SCIENCE SERIES.

Edited by HAVELOCK ELLIS. Crown 8vo. Cloth, Rs. 2-10; some volumes, Rs. 4-8. Illustrated.
THE EVOLUTION OF SEX. By Prof. Patrick Geddes and J. Arthur Thomson.
ELECTRICITY IN MODERN LIFE. By G. W. de Tunzelmann.
THE ORIGIN OF THE ARYANS. By Dr. Taylor.
PHYSIOGNOMY AND EXPRESSION. By P. Mantegazza.
EVOLUTION AND DISEASE. By J. B. Sutton, F.R.C.S.
THE VILLAGE COMMUNITY. By G. L. Gomme.
THE CRIMINAL. By Havelock Ellis.
SANITY AND INSANITY. By Dr. C. Mercier.
HYPNOTISM. By Dr. Albert Moll. 4th edition.
MANUAL TRAINING. By Dr. C. M. Woodward.
THE SCIENCE OF FAIRY TALES. By Edwin Sidney Hartland.
PRIMITIVE FOLK. By Elie Reclus.
EVOLUTION OF MARRIAGE. By Letourneau.
BACTERIA AND THEIR PRODUCTS. By Dr. Sims Woodhead.
EDUCATION AND HEREDITY. By J. M. Guyau.
THE NEW PSYCHOLOGY. By Dr. E. W. Scriptare, Ph. D. Rs. 4-8.
THE PSYCHOLOGY OF THE EMOTIONS. By Prof. Th. Ribot. Rs. 4-8.
THE MAN OF GENIUS. By Prof. Lombroso.
PROPERTY: Its Origin. By Letourneau.
VOLCANOES. By Prof. E. Hull, LL.D., F.R.S.
PUBLIC HEALTH PROBLEMS. By Dr. Sykes.
MODERN METEOROLOGY. By Frans Waldo, Ph. D.
THE GERM-PLASM. A Theory of Heredity. By Prof Weismann.
THE INDUSTRIES OF ANIMALS. By F. Houssay.
MAN AND WOMAN. By Havelock Ellis. Rs. 4-8.
MODERN CAPITALISM. By J. A. Hobson, M.A.
APPARITIONS AND THOUGHT-TRANSFERENCE. By Frank Podmore, M.A.
COMPARATIVE PSYCHOLOGY. By C. L. Morgan. Rs. 4-8.
THE ORIGINS OF INVENTIONS. By Otis T. Mason.
THE GROWTH OF THE BRAIN. By Henry Herbert Donaldson.
EVOLUTION IN ART. By Prof. A. C. Haddon. Rs. 4-8.
HALLUCINATIONS AND ILLUSIONS. A Study of the Fallacies of Perception. By Edmund Parish. Rs. 4-8.
SLEEP: Its Physiology and Pathology. By Marie de Manaceine.
THE NATURAL HISTORY OF DIGESTION. By A. L. Gillespire, M.D., F.R.C.P. Ed., F.R.S., Ed., Rs. 4-8.
DEGENERACY: Its Causes, Signs, and Results. By Prof. Eugene S. Talbot, M.D., Chicago. Rs. 4-8.

WANTED

AN HEAD DRAFTSMAN to have charge of drawing office. None need apply who have not had long experience. Pay Rs. 150. Apply to Engineer,
BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

TAPTI VALLEY RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
OPENING OF CHINCHPADA-NANDURBAR SECTION FOR PUBLIC TRAFFIC.

IT is NOTIFIED for the INFORMATION of the public that the CHINCHPADA-NANDURBAR SECTION will be opened for public traffic from Sunday next, the 8th instant.

C. CROMMELIN,
General Traffic Manager, B. B. & C. I. Railway.
Bombay, 5th October, 1899.

THE ANGLO-INDIAN SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders, resident in India, will be held at the Company's Office, 1, Forbes Street, on THURSDAY, the 19th October, 1899, at 5 p.m., to transact the following business :—
1. To elect a member of the Committee in place of Mr. E. R. Smetham, who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.
2. To elect auditors, and to fix their remuneration. And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be closed from 12th to 21st October, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Local Committee,
GREAVES, COTTON & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 6th October, 1899.

AUCTION NOTICE.

TO BE SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION in the Royal Indian Marine Dockyard on MONDAY the 23rd October, 1899, and following days, commencing at 2 P.M., a quantity of old Materials, consisting of Brass, Copper and Lead old, Cordage, Blocks, Chain Cable, Boats, Drums Scrap and Old Iron and Steel, Empty Casks, Packing Cases, &c. &c.
The stores will be ready for inspection of intending purchasers on the 16th idem.
TERMS OF SALE.—A deposit of 25 per cent. is to be immediately paid as the lots are knocked down, and the remainder to be paid and the articles cleared away on or before the fifteenth day after sale; otherwise the deposits will be forfeited and lots re-sold for the benefit of the State.
For further particulars, apply to the Marine Storekeeper.

S. GOODRIDGE,
Director of the Royal Indian Marine.
R. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay, 4th October, 1899.

NOW READY.
"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a special article, Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) ..... Rs. 12
Ditto (including postage to Europe), Rs. 15
Single Copy ..... As. 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, 18, Esplanade Road.

NEW MEDICAL BOOKS.

	Rs. a.
Beasley's Pocket Formulary, 1899	4 12
Albutt's System of Medicine, Vol. II; Diseases of Circulatory System, 1899	18 12
do do Vol. VII; do Muscles and Nervous System	18 12
Hobly's Dictionary of Medical Terms, 1899	7 12
Chavasse's Advice to a Wife, 1899	1 14
Year Book of Treatment, 1899	4 12
Kirk's Handbook of Physiology, 1899	8 12
Cotterell's Pocket Gray, 1899	2 10
Hare's Cold-Bath Treatment of Typhoid Fevers, 1898	4 8
Manson's Tropical Diseases, 1898	6 8
Herman's Difficult Labour, illustrated, 1898	8 0
Luff on Gout—its Pathology and Treatment 1898	3 2
Herman's Diseases of Women, 1898	16 0
Morris's Diseases of Ringworm, 1898	4 12
Morris's Treatise on Anatomy, 1898	26 0
Whitla's Pharmacy; Materia Medica and Therapeutics, 1898	7 12
Morris's Diseases of the Skin, 1898	6, 8
Kimpton's Essentials of Bacteriology, 1898	3 12
Humphrey's Manual of Nursing, 1898	2 10
Taylor's Practice of Medicine, 1898	11 8
Playfair's Midwifery, 2 Vols, 1898	20 0
Cheyne's Treatment of Wounds, abscesses and Ulcers, 1897	2 10
Ringer's Handbook of Therapeutics, 1897	11 8
Bruxton's Action of Medicine, 1897	8 0
Albutt's System of Medicine, Vol. I, Prolegomena and Infectious Diseases, 1896	18 12
Barton's Ailments of Horses	0 10
Husband on Urine	0 12
Braith waite's Retrospect of Medecine, January to June, 1899	4 14
Turner's Practical Medical Electricity, 1897	5 10

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.

Bonney Esmalljee's General Trade Calculator, useful for Engineers, Business men, Railways, &c. ... 5 0
Hagrion of Ir... Coll...

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

INOCULATION.

A LECTURE will be given by Major BANNERMAN, I. M. S., at HALL, on SUNDAY next, 8th October, in the D'MONTE READING ROOM, for the purpose of encouraging inoculation amongst the residents of the district.
Dr. Bhaleshandra Krushna, Dr. Esmael Jan Mahomed, and Dr. A. G. Virgas are expected to attend and to address the meeting. Lieut.-Col. J. S. Wilkins, D. S. O., I. M. S. special Medical Officer attended to the Plague Commissioner, has kindly consented to preside.

DR. D'MONTE,
Vice-President, Bandra Municipality.
Bandra, 1st October, 1899.
N. B.—At the CLOSE of the meeting all, who desire, can be INOCULATED.

KING, KING & Co.,
BOMBAY,
KING, HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand, Hundies payable in Bombay received without charge.
FIXED DEPOSITS received, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.
REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM. Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO., 65, Cornhill, London.

LONDON:
HENRY S. KING & CO.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
21, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

TO LOVERS OF HOUSE DECORATION AND OTHERS.
BONA-FIDE SALE
of a very fine assemblage of very Valuable and Superior English-made
Majolica Pedestals and Pots, Flower Pots, Garden Seats, Rich Brocden Decorative Figures, Choice Table Ornaments,
Marble Inlaid Tables and Teapoys,
and other Ornamental Fancy Goods in great variety, including a Collection of Earthenware.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will sell the above by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms, 21, Medows Street, on FRIDAY, the 13th October, 1899, at 2 p.m., on account of whom it may concern.
The property may be viewed and catalogues may be obtained of the Auctioneers three days before the day of sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Bombay, 7th October, 1899. Auctioneers.

MESSRS. [illegible], JOHNSTON & CO., NOS. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE of Good Will Stock-in-Trade of Confectionery and Bakery, Shop Goods, Furniture, &c., of James Pearse & Co.

By order of the mortgagee in possession under the power of Sale reserved to him by an indenture of mortgage dated the 5th day of September, 1896, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction on account and at the risk of the estate of the mortgagor, the late Mr. Pallonjee Sorabjee Kapadia, deceased, the undermentioned property, at 3 p.m., THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 7th day of October, 1899, on the premises :—

PARTICULARS.

All that the good will in the business of baker and confectioner, carried on in the name of James Pearse or James Pearse & Co., up to recently by the late Mr. Pallonjee Sorabjee Kapadia in the shop at No. 22, otherwise known as 73, Apollo Street, within the Fort of Bombay, and all outstanding debts and moneys that may be due to the said Pallonjee Sorabjee, and also all the Stock-in-Trade, trade fixtures, furniture, plate, linen, China, bakery and the appurtenances thereto, as well as baking utensils and things in the said shop.
For further particulars and conditions of sale applications may be made to the undersigned, or to Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanjee, and Motiwala, mortgagee's Attorneys, at their office, situate at 14 K. Sirdar Ganj, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, where the mortgage deed can also be inspected.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 7th October, 1899.

INSURANCES.

L'UNION FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, OF PARIS.
ESTABLISHED IN 1828.
Capital Reserve and Guarantee.
Francs 101,000,000 or about £4,000,000.

WE the Undersigned, have been APPOINTED CHIEF REPRESENTATIVES of the L'Union Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., of Paris, and are now prepared to Transact Fire Insurance Business at Current Rates.

TATA & SONS,
Chief Representatives for Bombay.
Messrs. ZIPPO & CO.,
Chief Representatives for Calcutta.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
ESTABLISHED IN INDIA IN 1834.

NEW and LARGELY REDUCED PREMIUMS for WHOLE LIFE and ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES.
For Rates and Prospectus apply to
KING, KING & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries,
BOMBAY.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS
ABOUT THE
STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

1.—OVER HALF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.
2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to over NINE Million Sterling, and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.
3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary.
N.B.—POLICIES ISSUED IN RUPEES OR IN STERLING.

NOTICE.

TWO of the finest Peg Whiskies exported from Scotland, and recommended by the Leading Medical Men, are—
FERGUSON'S
"SPECIAL CREAM" and "P & O" LIQUEUR, Rs. 2-8 and Rs. 2-12,
In every STATION in INDIA.
INDIAN AGENTS—B. SMYTH & Co., LIMITED
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

NEWSPAPER SUPPLY AGENCY,
15, BANK STREET.

THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES BOMBAY DAILY PAPERS at Moderate Monthly Subscription, HOME PAPERS and MAGAZINES. Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Papers.
(For Terms, apply to
VINCENT & Co.

A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.

94, Commercial Road, Peckham, July 12.
"Dear Sir,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings, but I should like to thank you. Your [illegible] have done wonders in relieving my terrible cough since I had the operation of 'Tracheotomy' [illegible]

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 8 lines, Rs. 1, each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

THE INDIAN EDITION of The New Premier Cycle Co.'s HELICAL TUBE BICYCLES can now be obtained, post free, on application to the Sole Agents.—MARKES and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

HOT WEATHER WEAR.—Silk Sash Belts, Rs. 5-8; Cellular Shirts, six for Rs. 30; Thin Under Vest, six for Rs. 14; White Mess Jackets and Trousers, Rs. 11-8; Thin Flannel Suits, Rs. 30; Soft Fronted Shirts, Stiff Cuffs, six for Rs. 24. Best and reliable Goods at lowest Cash Prices. ASQUITH & LORD, Apollo Street.

SEEGER'S HAIR DYE—Instantaneous and Harmless. One preparation only. Three Shades, Black, Brown, Blond. Rs. 1-12 per bottle. To be obtained from the Bombay Agents, THOMSON & TAYLOR, Esplanade Road.

JOHN ROBERTS and Co. Ld., NEW DEPARTMENT.—Now on VIEW, Works by Great Artists, viz :—Rosa Bonheur, Meissonier, Leon Moran, Alma Tadema, Leighton, Dendy Sadler, Paton, etc., etc.

CHINA AND GLASS WARE.—Some exceedingly pretty designs in Dinner and Tea Sets just unpacked. Prices low. WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW and Co., Bombay.

ALL CYCLISTS are invited to apply for our NEW LIST of CYCLE ACCESSORIES. Prices revised all round.—W. H. THORNS & Co., Tamarind Lane Bombay.

ON VIEW DR. W. H. Quicke's Valuable Garden, at Wilderness Road, Malabar Hill, TO BE SOLD on MONDAY, 9th October, at 7 a.m.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable new designed complete suites of household furniture, etc., at Church Gate Street, Fort, next to Messrs. SINGER'S, THIS DAY, at 1 p.m.

AUCTION SALE of Mr. E. Schoen's Valuable large Garden, etc., THIS DAY, at 7 a.m., at the "Ridge," Malabar Hill, opposite Dr. K. N. BHADURJEE'S bungalow.

100 RUPEES PRIZE.—Open to every body, nothing to pay. Apply for terms to the SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., 5, Church Gate Street Bombay.

OUR COMBINATION Dinner, Tea and Dessert set in Semi-Porcelain Brown "Forget me not" Pattern, Gold lines, original Rs. 37. Reduced to Rs. 23, Marvel of Cheapness, SHROFF BROTHERS.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6, First Class Furniture for Sale or Hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

HIGH CLASS PORTRAITURE, executed in the permanent PLATINOTYPE process, giving soft and pleasing effects. BROMIDE OPALS, artistically finished in water colour, monochrome or oils. ENLARGEMENTS successfully produced from old or faded Photographs, by M. & A. DEAN DAYAL AND SONS, at their Art Photographic Salon, Bombay. For prices etc., apply to the MANAGER.

THE NEW IMPROVED PATENT ARISTON'S, with iron axles and brass wheels, with 6 TUNES and complete, Rs. 45. Expressly made to suit the Indian climate.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY.—Historical, Statistical and Descriptive. Contains valuable information, Revised and corrected up to date. Price, Rs. 5, with postage, Rs. 5-4. For sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

FORMS of POWER OF ATTORNEY Neatly printed, Price 4 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WANTED offices, for an EXPORT and IMPORT FIRM in the vicinity of Banks, on the Hornby Road, for about Rs. 250, or more. Long lease taken. Apply No. "94," care of this paper.

WANTED, immediately, a SECOND HAND LEATHER SEWING MACHINE in perfect order. Good price will be given. Apply "F. R. W.," Care of this Paper.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS, Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the short est notice. Engraving, Copper-plate, Printing and Lithographing orders. For rates, apply to SUPERINTENDENT "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

OLIVER & CO., WATCHMAKERS AND MUSICAL DEPOT. High Class Standard Watches, in all sizes for Ladies and Gentlemen. Received English Watches by J. W. BENSON, LONDON, in open faced silver cases, Rs. 80; Goss, Rs. 60; Celestial, Phoenix, Intoia, Aristons, and Hand Organs of every description Repaired and Tuned. Musical Boxes of every description thoroughly overhauled, repaired, cleaned and Old Barrels and Old Combs renewed. Pianos, Orchestrian, Harmoniums put in thorough repair and overhauled by experienced and trained workmen. All Repairs are well and carefully examined before despatching and carefully packed. Repairs undertaken in all Branches. No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable book for Travellers.—In India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Route in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price, 2 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Terminus.

TO BE LET.—Furnished BUNGALOW at MATHERAN.—Apply to MUKHI CASSAMBHAI MOOSA, Manager to H. H. Sir Aga Khan, Jail Road.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business 1 Trafalgar Buildings, Charing Cross, London.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOWFLAKE OIL, 150°, sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Chunibhai Hirji, at Rs. 5-8-2 per case, at Bombay, and by Mr. J. C. Bhuz, at Rs. 5-9-2 per case, at Bandora.

FOUCHE & Co.—PRIVATE DETECTIVES under EUROPEANS only. Undertake every kind of detective and secret enquiry work :—(1), Divorce proceedings initiating, Petitions or Memorials prepared and typed ready for transmission. (3) Houses and estates purchased and sold. (4) Missing friends traced, (5) Debts collected, Loans negotiated. (6) Partnerships arranged. (7) Persons watched. (8) The interests of the non-official classes watched, and abuses in administration brought to the notice of the constituted authorities in India and in England. Head Office,—No. 1, Main Street, Poona.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly edition.—Issued on Thursday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3; to Subscribers in Bombay Rs. 12 to the Mofussil, postage extra.

VOICE from Madras.—C. Green, Esq., Retired Salt Officer and Secy. to Rajah Venkogopala Bahadur, writes on 19th May, 1898 :—I suffered with fever for 19 days and had two doctors in attendance, but their Medicines did me no good. I was then recommended to try Ballwalla's Ague Mixture and with few doses the fever left me and I have had no return of it since. Ballwalla's and Co.'s Cholera is as effective in Cholera as Ballwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture are effective in Fever. It has never failed in cases of Cholera, and you are requested to send for its testimonials. Ballwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Ballwalla and Co.'s Cholera are sold everywhere, at Re. 1 per bottle, or are sent by Dr. BATLIWALLA, Worlee, Dadur, Bombay. Discount to the Trade.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders &c. Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription, Rs. 15 per year, including Postage.

"TARAXACUM JUICE WITH PODOPHYLLIN," a combination of the two medicines, in a most agreeable form. A certain remedy for sluggish Liver. Per Bottle Re. 1 and Rs. 1-12. THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

RECEIVED FANCY REVOLVING MUSICAL CIGAR STANDS, Rs. 15, 22, and Rs. 30, plays 1 and 2 tunes.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

REPORTS Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to The Manager "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS, Price 8 Annas, Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

A BOON TO MEN.

A DESCRIPTIVE TREATISE ON THE MODERN AND SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT OF NERVOUS DISEASES AND PHYSICAL DEBILITY IN MEN, including Premature Exhaustion and Loss of Vital Energy, with other allied affections, by local absorption. Results and in progress, with the most advanced researches on the subject. Sent, in a plain sealed envelope, free of charge —S. NORTON, 59 and 60 CHANCERY LANE, LONDON ENGLAND. Established 30 Years.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious [illegible] taint, or foul matter of any description, are [illegible] carried out of the system by CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE." For cleansing [illegible] cannot

SANDS, OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL RES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietor, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln; England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

KE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

[illegible] of Clarke's Blood Mixture should [illegible] genuine article. Worthless imitation [illegible] substitute instead of the undoubted [illegible] "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Co., Lincoln, England," are received on the envelope [illegible] Clarke's Blood Mixture. NONE ARE [illegible]

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying 230 Military Messes and 69 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, Spirits, or Liqueurs from the following well-known Houses :—

POMMERY AND GRENO	Rheims.
VEUVE CLIQUOT PONSARDIN	Rheims.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jeres.
GEORGE TANQUERAY & Co.	London.
HEIDSIECK & Co.	Rheims.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON	Leith.
PERRIER JOUET & Co.	Epernay
PAGE AND SANDEMAN	London.
POL ROGER & Co.	Rheims.
JAMES HAWKER & Co.	Plymouth.
JUSTERINI & BROOKS	London.
COCKBURN & CAMPBELL	Leith.
DEUTZ & GELDERMANN	Ay.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS	Bordeaux.
J. SACCONE	Gibraltar.
COSSART, GORDON & Co.	Madeira.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS	Bordeaux.
BUTLER, NEPHEW & Co.	Oporto.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN-ZELLERS & Co.	Oporto.
WOODHOUSE & Co.	Marsala.
LEACOCK & Co.	Madeira.
AYALA & Co.	Ay.
RUINART PERE ET FILS	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT	London.
P. J. VALCKENBERG	Worms.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR	Cotes d'Or.
ACKERMANN LAURANCE	Saumur.
ANDREW ROWAN	Melbourne.
AUSTRALIAN WINE Co.	Melbourne.
JOS. DIETZL	Budapest.
R. SCHLUMBERGER	Vosian.
JAMES CATHCART & Co.	Leith.
CHAS. MACKINLAY & Co.	Leith.
JOHN CRABBIE & Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co.	London.
W. E. EDDISON & Co.	London.
EMIL POHL & Co.	London.
W. DOYLE	London.
GEO. IDLE CHAPMAN & Co.	London.
HENRY WHITEWAY & Co.	Whimple.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, Spirits, or Liqueurs, &c., from the above well-known Firms, without the convenience and expense of importing, direct.
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO
PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PRIVATE RESERVE,
Matured in Sherry Casks.
Rs. 30 per doz.
CLUB BLEND,
Rs. 25. per doz.
The best Whiskies at the Price.
AGENTS:
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., Ld.,
PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION.

BUYING AGENTS IN LONDON.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.
Offer their services to Firms Abroad.
Having for many years bought for the EASTERN MARKETS, they have a thorough knowledge of the Goods suitable for same.
On hearing what Goods you trade in, Catalogues or Samples will be mailed Free of Charge.
References Exchanged.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
66, FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
TRADE THERAPION MARK

This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1 in a few days only removes all discharges from the urinary organs, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 2 for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings of the joints—often mistaken for rheumatism—secondary symptoms disease of the bones, sore throat, and all diseases for which it has been so much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3 for nervous exhaustion, waste of vitality, harassing dreams, and all the distressing consequences arising from early error, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION may be procured at 2/9 and 4/6 per package, of all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the World. In ordering, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires, and observe above Registered Trade Mark, which is a fac-simile of the word "THERAPION" as it appears on the Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground), affixed to every genuine package by order of Her Majesty's Hon Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER

IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure
Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains. It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

"COMPLETELY HEALED."

Mrs. E. Berkshire writes :—"In the year 1888 when residing at Tunbridge Wells, Kent, I caught cold, which led to inflammation of the bowels. I was attended by local doctors, and received some relief, but the following year it turned to fistula, from which I suffered for eight years; and it was constantly discharging. I was put under chloroform by two doctors, with a view of an operation, but they found that the fistula was too far inside, and an operation would have been too dangerous. In 1893 a second abscess formed, and in 1894 a third. These were all discharging at the same time. The end of 1895 I was again examined by two doctors to see if an operation was possible it was found that an operation was out of the question, as they stated the inside was riddled with abscesses. During the whole of this time I was receiving medical attendance, one year being treated by a herbal doctor in the town, and receiving advice for four months from a London doctor. During the greater part of this time I was a confirmed invalid, having to be carried up and down stairs, and the doctors gave up all hope of my recovery. In June, 1898, I was advised by friends to try 'Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture.' After taking one large bottle I found one large abscess gradually drying up. I therefore continued taking the mixture, and also Clarke's Aperient Pills, and in time all three abscesses were completely healed, and I was able to walk as well as ever and could eat and drink any ordinary food. I am pleased to say it was Clarke's Blood Mixture that effected the cure, having received no real benefit from doctors. I should have written before, but wished to see if the cure was lasting.
"Post Office, Cottonwood, Assiniboia, N.W.T., Canada, Oct. 17th, 1898.
"P.S.—I may say that I can give you doctor's names and names of friends to prove the truth of what I state. I purchased the mixture at the Sussex Drug Stores, Tunbridge Wells, my name and address then being Miss E. Horner, 5, Warwick Cottages, Frank Forest, Tunbridge Wells."

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra
on 18 June, 2017

WATSON'S ESPLANADE HOTEL
AND
ESPLANADE HOTEL ANNEXE
(OPPOSITE ROYAL YACHT CLUB.)
BOMBAY.

THE LEADING HOTELS IN INDIA.
UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.
The Catering under the Sole Control of
MONSR. CORENTIN, the well known CHEF.
Electric Light, Electric Bells, Lift,
Post, Railway and Telegraph Offices on the Premises.
SPECIAL RATES FOR MONTHLY BOARDERS
During the Monsoon months.

Address,—The MANAGER,
ESPLANADE HOTELS,
BOMBAY.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF
THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.,
WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE : 29, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.
SEE REPORT AND OPINIONS OF THE PRESS AS TO THE REMARKABLE PROGRESS MADE BY THE COMPANY.
ENDOWMENT NON-FORFEITABLE POLICY
FOR Rs. 3,000.
PAYABLE AT AGE 60 OR AT DEATH IF PREVIOUS, WITH PROFITS.

If, at any time, the assured under this plan should desire to cease paying any more premiums, he can obtain a paid-up Policy for such a proportion of the original sum assured as the number of premiums paid bears to the number agreed upon. Thus a gentleman who had assured at age 30 for a Policy of Rs. 3,000 payable at age 60 or at Death, if previous, after 5 years' payments, would be entitled to a Free paid-up Policy for Rs. 500 free of future payments.

MONTHLY PREMIUM.	
At age 20,	Rs. 6-9-0
At age 25,	Rs. 7-8-0
At age 30,	Rs. 8-14-0
At age 35,	Rs. 10-13-0
At age 40,	Rs. 13-12-0
At age 45,	Rs. 18-10-0

DISTINCTIVE FEATURES

Absolute Security.
* Funds invested in Government Securities and in accordance with the Indian Trust Act.
* Policy holders can appoint their own Directors.
90 per cent. of Profits to Participating Policy holders.
Policies simple in form, worldwide and indisputable.
Lapsed policies revived without fine.
Liberal Surrender Values. 40 per cent. of the Tabular premiums paid.
Loans to Policy holders at 6 per cent. interest.
Guaranteed 5 per cent. Investment Policies. Life and Endowments.
Immediate payment of Claims.
Non-forfeitable though Suicide.
Medical fees and stamps on Policies are payable by the Company.
* The Empire of India is the only Company that offers these guarantees of Security.

The sum Assured is PAYABLE IN FULL should death occur even immediately after payment of the first premium.
GUARANTEE INSURANCE.—This Company issues Guaranteed Policies in situations of trust and responsibility. It is specially authorized to guarantee the employes of the Post Office.
Proposal Forms and full Particulars may be obtained from any local Agent in India or from
E. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND
RENAL PILLS

The only reliable remedy for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Bladder, &c., which too frequently lingers on to the best years of life, and can only be arrested by the use of these Pills. Gravel, or other deposits, they are indeed unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, and promote the functions of the kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys; and by the use of these Pills a speedy cure will be effected in ninety-nine cases out of one hundred. Sold in Bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s., by all the principal Merchants in India.
Purchasers are specially requested to see that every package bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "DR. DE ROOS, LONDON" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, and thus avoid worthless imitations.

DR. DE ROOS'
WORLD-FAMED
GUTTÆ VITÆ,
OR, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous & Functional Debility, Spermatorrhœa, &c.
This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated constitution. A complete cure is guaranteed in all cases of Nervousness, Debility, or Deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to indiscretion in early life, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful remedy, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients

NOTICES.

JAMES SMART,
ESTABLISHED 1851,
TAILORS & OUTFITTERS,
33, WALBROOK, LONDON, E.C.,
AND
556 & 562, CALLE PIEDAD, BUENOS AYRES.

NOTICE.
SASSOON MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Society will be held in the Upper Hall of the Institute on the 15th October, 1899, at 5-45 p.m. A full attendance is requested.

R. A. A. JENKINS,
Honorary Secretary.

Bombay, 2nd October, 1899.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the PARTNERSHIP heretofore subsisting between the late MR. RUSTOMJEE DADABHOY DADIBA, MESSRS. NASSERWANJEE DADAL, JEHANGIR BYRAMJEE DADAL, PHIROZE SHAH SERWANJEE DADAL and JEHANGIR SHAH SERWANJEE DADAL as Brokers, Bombay, under the firm of MARWANJEE and BYRAMJEE, was this day DISSOLVED by lapse of time. All outstanding contracts will be carried on by MESSRS. EDWARDES AND SONS.

Bombay, 1st October, 1899.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that SERVANTS of VISITORS proceeding to MAHABLESHWUR and PANCHGANI require to be provided with certificates from their masters.

All servants are required to attend the Mahableshwur Civil Hospital, or the Dispensary at Panchgani, for Medical Examination between the hours of 7 and 9 a.m. for ten days after arrival.

Any case of servants will be detained under observation for a period of ten days at Dhandegher or Mandhera Camp.

Forms of certificates are obtainable from the Deputy Commissioner, Poona, or Deputy Collector, Satara, or Lieutenant Macdonald, Assistant Collector, Wai, or Chief Police Authority, Poona City, or from the Superintendent Mahableshwur.

Persons proceeding to Mahableshwur, Mahableshwar, should communicate with the superintendent at least seven days in advance, except in cases of sudden emergency, when the Superintendent should be communicated with by telegram.

D. C. DAVIDSON, Lt-Colonel, I.M.S.,
Chief Deputy Authority, Mahableshwar and Panchgani.
Civil Surgeon, Satara.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 211 of 1897.

BABUBAO DESAI and KASHINATH WISH-VANATH BANDARI ..... Plaintiffs.

VERSUS

GOVIND DESAI, RANCHORDAS, TRIBHOVANDAS and HALKRISHNA GOVIND, a minor, by his guardian ad litem Ramchandra Rawji ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decretal Order made in the above suit and bearing date the 2nd day of March, 1899, I will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, by SOLI FUSILE AUCTION, by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court, at his office in the Court House, Bombay, on the 9th day of October, 1899, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon:

PARTICULARS.

1. The right and interest of the above-named Plaintiff and Defendants in the following three properties:—

First.—All that piece or parcel of Tocca Fazendari land or ground whereof Shet Harkisondas and Bhagvandas Narotamdas are now jointly seized, together with the messuages, tenements and dwelling-houses, buildings, rooms and premises standing thereon situate, lying and being at Sewree aforesaid, near the Worlee Colewada Village, but without the Fort of Bombay, as the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement three hundred and twenty square yards, be the same more or less, and assessed by the Municipality under Ward No. 1102, Nos. 1146 and 1152, and Street Nos. 454, 455 and 456, and bounded, on the West, by the property of the said Fazendaris, on the East, by the said Worlee Road, on the South, by the property of Mgrobia Bhewji, and on the North, by the property of Vinayak Govindji.

Second.—All that piece or parcel of Tocca Fazendari land or ground whereof the said Shet Harkisondas and Bhagvandas Narotamdas are the joint Fazendars, situate, lying and being at Worlee aforesaid, in the Registration Sub-District of Mahim, Taluka Salsette, but without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement three hundred and twenty square yards and four-ninths of a square yard or thereabouts, and is bounded on the East by the said Worlee Road, on the West and North by the property of Vinayak Govindji and on the South, by the properties of the said Vinayak Govindji and Jadoba Ramchandra, and the said several pieces of and with the messuages and premises standing thereon are now in the occupation of Govind Dhanji and B. Burao Dinaji and their tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at that of Messrs. Hines & Nobis, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs above named, at No. 18, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 15th day of September, 1899.

A. K. OLIVER,
Commissioner.

NOTIFICATION.

SEALED TENDERS are hereby invited by the Diwan of Cochin for the SUPPLY of 1,80,000 (one lakh and eighty thousand) Indian maunds of Bombay Mangalore tiles.

Tenders will be received at the Huzur Cutchery by the Secretary to the Diwan till the evening of MONDAY, the 23rd October, 1899, and all tenders will be opened at 11 o'clock on TUESDAY, the 24th October, in the Huzur Cutchery, in the presence of such of the parties as may be present.

Each tender shall be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500, in cash or in Government securities.

The tenders must be for the supply of Salt of the sample kept in the Cust. Revenue Superintendent's Office, which the tenderer can see at any time on office days; and auditions may, at the option of the Diwan, be called for among the tenderers, generally. In the case of unsuccessful tenderers or tenderers, their deposit will be returned immediately after the result is announced. In the case of successful tenderers, the deposit will be retained as security against default, until the further security required under clause 6 "infra" is furnished, and the Government struck on the fulfilment of the contract is entered into.

5. The agreement mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be executed within a week after the result is announced either before the Diwan, or such officer as the Diwan may authorize in the behalf, on an 8 puthan stamp paper to be purchased by the contractor.

6. Safe factory security either in cash or in Government of India Pro Notes to the extent of Rs. 5 (five) per hundred maunds will have to be furnished before the contract is entered into.

7. Any party who fails to execute the agreement shall forfeit his previous deposit of Rs. 500, and shall also be liable for any loss that the Sirkar may sustain in consequence of his default, but no shall not be entitled to any profit that may arise to the Sirkar from the re-sale.

8. The salt must be delivered at the weighing shed of the Sirkar depot at the port of Malpuram, from the beginning of November, and the full delivery must be completed by the 15th of April, 1900.

9. All salt not up to the sample, will be rejected.

10. The Superintendent of Salt Revenue shall decide who the any tender tried is up to the sample or not. In case of any dispute, an appeal shall lie to the Diwan, whose order shall be final.

11. The tenders shall specify, in words at length, the rate (in rupees per hundred Indian maunds).

12. The Contractor will be furnished with a certificate under the seal and signature of the Diwan, specifying the quantity for which he is authorized to procure for the use of the Sirkar.

13. On production of the above certificate at Bombay, the Contractor will be allowed to ship free of duty, on payment of 3 pies per maund (which he will have to bear) as much salt as he is authorized to procure.

14. The quantity of Salt exported from Bombay must be delivered at the Malpuram depot without any deficiency, otherwise the Contractor shall pay to the Sirkar the full customs duty on the salt in the last case, if the full duty that may be levied at the time of import has been collected upon the salt quantity.

15. The said salt must be produced by the Contractor before the Bombay authorities within two months of the date of sale.

16. The contract price will be paid as each shipment is delivered and the bags returned.

17. Tenders to be addressed to the Diwan of Cochin, and to be superscribed "Tender for the supply of Salt."

P. RAJAGOPALA CHARI,
Diwan.

Office of the Diwan of Cochin Camp, Trichur, 26th September, 1899. (11th Asvin, 1075).

DOCTOR MENIST
SPECTACLES.
REVISED PRICES.

	Gold. Rs.	Silver. Rs.	Steel & Nickel. Rs.
With Turnpin Side	32	28	16
With Single Temple	50	24	16
With Cord	50	24	16
Folders or Pince-Nez	50	24	16

SPECTACLES AND FOLDERS FITTED WITH MARCKS AND CO'S

Finest quality PEBBLES, at a REDUCTION of Rs. 8 on above Prices for Gold and Silver, and Rs. 4 for Steel.

Wearer "Menliette" Frame which has gained universal admiration

THROUGHOUT INDIA IS WORTH INSPECTING.

Our Celebrated Violet Tinted Sun Glare and Dust Glasses, standard recommended by all the leading men.

Gold. Rs.	Silver. Rs.	Nickel. Rs.	Steel. Rs.
60	25	12	5

NOTICE.

SPECIAL ATTENTION is given to all REPAIRS which are executed with the greatest precision and utmost possible delay. Oculist's prescriptions CAREFULLY PREPARED.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS.

SOLE AGENTS IN WESTERN & NORTHERN INDIA.

FOR THE CARNEGIE STEEL CO., LD.,
Pittsburg, U. S. A.

1,200 TONS OF CARNEGIE STEEL BEAMS, STEEL ANGLES, STEEL TEES, ETC.
Kept in Stock in Bombay.
All sections from 3 inch to 24 inch deep
A large variety of lengths
up to 44 feet.
Beams in the Market.
Delivery at any
Station.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half Yearly. Divid.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	10 p. c. } 1 bon. }	1,200
Bank of Bengal	40,000	50	all	10 pr. ct.	1,220
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. cr.	1,140
Oommercial	{ 1,000 }	100	{ 100 }	8 p.c.	95
Bank of India	{ 15,000 }		{ 75 }		
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	1,00,000	£6	at	3 pr. ct.	80
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	10 pr. ct.	£21-1-
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	dol. 125	all	£1-10-0	£57 1-2
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12 1-2	8 pr. ct.	300

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	—	£100	...	...	...
B. B. & C. I. R. On New £12 Shares	—	£10	...	...	...
Ahmedabad Prantej Ry....	500	500	..	4 pr. ct.	575xd
Tapti Valley Ry. Co.	500	500	..	4 pr. ct.	490xd

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly.	
Ahmedabad Advantage..	70	1,000	000	Nil	
Alliance	1,000	1,000	all	0 Nil	225
Anglo-Indian ...	Lakh			0 Nil	28
Assur Veerjee Mill Ltd.	Total 3000 Shares of which 1602 have been allotted.	Rs. 500 each	Fully paid up	Rs. 2½ 12 1-2	nom.
Ahmedabad S. & M. Co., Ld.		1,000	1,000	60	
Balary S.& W. Co., Ld. (Shares)	971	60	all	9 per ct.	1,00
Bombay Cotton Manufg. Co., Ld.	3,750	550,000	20)	12 1-2	175
Bombay United	90	1,00	1,00	Nil	350
Bombay Cotton Manufg. Co....	90	500	500	dvdRs 2	402
Bombay Native Land Mnufg. Co., Ld.	80	1,000	1,000	dvdRs50	550
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.50	400
Bombay Woollen Manfg. Co. Ltd	650	1,000	1,000	0 per ct.	1,00
Central India	1,000	500	500	dvdRs.50	1,580
China Mills Co. Ltd., ...	800	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.3.	425
City of Bombay Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.2.	600
Coimbatore Spinning & Manufacturing Co., Ltd	400	50	all	dvdR-	25
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000		0	si

MISCELLANEOUS.

			Half yearly	
Alcock Ash down	1,750	100	100	dvd Rs5
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12
Bailnath Pile...	5,000	100	100	12 pr ct
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation...	1,000	2,500	500	375
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	93¾

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Aldyar	200	1,250	1,250	125	1,300xd
Bombay Gleaning & c.	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	410
Arya (Kirloskar)	200	1,100	1,100	Rs. 80	735
Bellary	157	1,000	1,000	dvd 14 x	165
Bijapur Printing City Press & Manfg. Co.Ld	550	250	250	25	275
Bombay Cotton Broach Co. Ltd.	1,000	125	125	Nil.	70
Bombay Gujarati Press Co., Ltd.	500	200	200	dvd R20	180xd
Bombay Printing Press Co., Ltd.	600	200	200	dv Rs 20	200xd
Cotton Manufg. Co.	500	1,250	1,880	dvdRs 15	315
East India	350	1,000	1,000	125	1,350
English Press and Manfg.	400	200	200	dvd Rs 9	70
Fort	150	8,300	500	dvd Rs20	630
French	300	500	500	dvd Rs40	510
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	450	500	dvd Rs35	380xd
Hingoli Press Co., Ld	700	100	100	Rs 17	133xd
Khangaum	240	400	450	dvd Rs 80	475xd
Mahuva Ikgee Co., Ltd	300	200	all	15 pr. ct.	225
Mahmadpur a Cotton Co. and P. Co. Ld	300	500	500	53	55
Mercantile	600	125	125	dvd Rs 5	60
Midland Co	725	400	400	dvd Rs30	395
Munmar M.	000	250	all	dvd Rs20	215
New Bezar	00	500	500	dvd Rs50	560
New India	00	125	125	dv Rs12½	152 1-2
Prince of Wales	100	500	00	20	165
Sabapathy Bezonji	500	500	70	30	340
Sassoon	300	500	500	20	340xd
Sind and Punjab Co.	100	1,00	1,000	125	585
Sind	400	2,000	750	20	1,500
Spanish Woollen Mills	200	250	250	Nil.	310
Surat City Press Co., Ld.	37	500	all		12
Volkart		500			Rs 80

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs. 15-4-0
Crowns	
Quarter Eagles	
Gold Five-Rupee Pieces	

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 52m. Sun sets, 5h. 44m. High water, 0-22m. 0.7. Low water, 6-9m., 6.8s.
P. and O. s.s. Carthage, with English mails of 22nd ult., due to arrive at 6 a.m.
Gaiety Theatre, Edison's Concert Phonograph, 4 p.m.
Departure of R. I. M. S. Clive.
Association Football.
Mission, Catholic Cathedral, Bhuleshwur; Sermon: "Domestic Happiness."

TO-MORROW.

Sun rises, 5h. 52m. Sun sets, 5h. 43m. High water, 0-56m., 0.8s. Low water, 6-39m., 6.3s.
Closing of the Mission, Catholic Cathedral, Bhuleshwur; Sermon: "The Church."

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer Bahadri entered the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Massilia left the dock yesterday.

ACCIDENT AT A BYCYCLE POLO.—On Thursday evening, Mr. Douglas Johnson was playing Bicycle Polo on the maidan, when he accidentally ran against a woman named Gunga, aged twenty-five years, who got in the way. The woman sustained a couple of bruises. Mr. Johnson also received a few abrasions and his machine was damaged.

INOCULATION MEETING.—A public meeting of the Umarkhadi inhabitants will be held to-morrow, at 4 p.m., at Umarkhadi Main Road, near the Dongri Municipal School, when the Hon'ble Mr. N. G. Chandavarkar, B.A., LL.B., has kindly consented to preside. Dr. Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatawadekar and other gentlemen will address the meeting on the advantages of inoculation. This meeting is specially called to encourage inoculation amongst the masses.

RATANSI MULJI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—During the last month of September, the number of Hindu patients that were treated in this Dispensary was 3,394, and the new admissions were 680, the average daily attendance being 132. The Hon. Secretary begs to acknowledge with thanks the following sums received in aid of the Fund of this Dispensary:—Previously acknowledged Rs. 15,714: received during the month from Mr. Jamudas Mulji, in memory of his deceased father Muljee 101.

THE CUSTOMS PROSECUTION.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, the case in which Balkrishna Ganesh Jamb kar, head cashier in the Customs Office, is charged with receiving illegal gratification from one Mahomed Kapchand, was again called on for hearing. Mr. Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, prosecuted; while the Honourable Mr. F. M. Mehta, instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir, Hormusji and Dinshaw solicitors, defended the accused. The complainant having been further cross-examined at some length by Mr. Mehta, further hearing of the case was adjourned to to-day.

PRIZE ESSAYS.—We are requested by Mr. Madanlal Lallubhai Munshi, Managing Honorary Secretary of the Local Branch of the National Indian Association, to mention that prizes are offered by the Committee of the National Indian Association, in the form of a Gold Medal of the value of £21 and £10, respectively, for the two best essays on the following subject: "How can the application of Machinery to Indian Industries be beneficially extended?" the essays should be concise, and should not consist of more than 2,000 words. Competitors must be natives of India. Essays should be sent (post paid) in time to be received not later than Dec. 1, 1899. No contribution will be returned.—Address, care of Hon. Secretary, National Indian Association, 5, Pembridge Crescent, Bayswater, London.

DEATH FROM HYDROPHOBIA.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the Coroner, held an inquiry yesterday, at the Cama Hospital, touching the death of one Dr. Haridas Velabdas, aged forty years. The deceased was an estate broker and resided at Waudby Road. He had no relations in Bombay. On the 10th August last, the deceased was giving medicine to his own dog, when the animal bit him on the left cheek. The deceased was treated by a Parsee doctor, and the wound apparently healed up in about two weeks. Six days' ago symptoms of hydrophobia were seen in the deceased, who was conveyed by a friend of his to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital. His condition grew worse, the spasms increased in severity and he became very violent. He died on Tuesday last after a quarter past 6 o'clock yesterday morning. A verdict of death from hydrophobia was recorded.

POISONED MILK.—Gopal Raghoba a time-keeper in the B. B. & C. I. Workshops at Parel, who resides in the Chawls of Mr. Dhanjibhai Cursetji Desai, De Lisle Road, was, with his two sons, found suffering from the effects of *dhutoora* poisoning, yesterday morning. It appears that on the 4th instant, at about 8-30 p.m., Hira Lal, a boy about sixteen years of age, came to his room with some cow's milk in a brass *lota*, and saying that one Sitaram Gungaram had sent it. Sitaram being a friend of the complainant and in the habit of sending him milk, the latter accepted the present and drank some of the milk, giving some to his two sons, aged seven and three years respectively, and leaving some milk in the *lota* for his wife, Jagabhoy. Shortly after, on a few minutes later on, noticed that the milk had a dirty appearance. This she brought to the notice of her husband and did not drink it. About half an hour after Gopal and his two sons became giddy and sick, but said nothing to any body until next morning at about 7 o'clock when Gopal sent for Dr. Burjorji of De Lisle Road. The doctor examined the patients and on learning the symptoms of suspicion in the milk, came to the conclusion that they had received a dose of dhutoora. The latter, on being proceeded to the place, took charge of the *lota* and the remaining milk, and had the complainant and his two sons removed to the J. J. Hospital. The House Surgeon on examining the patients, certified that they were suffering from dhutoora poisoning. It had been ascertained by the police that on the night in question, a Hindu lad known by the name of Babaji, purchased three-fourths of a seer of milk at a tea shop on De Lisle Road and took it away in a *lota* belonging to the shopkeeper, saying that he would return the *lota* in a few minutes, but he did not return. Babaji has not been found up to the present. It rather appears that there is some ill feeling between Babaji and complainant.

ALLEGED INTIMIDATION AND EXTORTION.

AT the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, the notice issued at the instance of Kawasji Dorabji Panthaki, against Vadilal Mooldhund, Jagabhoy Maganlal and Vasji Khimanlal Damania, to show cause why they should not be bound over to keep peace with the complainant, came on for arguments before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Acting Second Presidency Magistrate. Mr. Payne, of Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, Solicitors, appeared for the petitioner, while Mr. Smetham, of Messrs. Smetham, Bland and Noble, appeared to show cause, on behalf of the respondents.

The petitioner in his information stated that he was formerly in the employ of Messrs. Nemchund Vadilal and Co., Carting Agents. On the 27th July last he prosecuted one Dayabhoy Moolchand, one of the partners of the said firm, before Mr. P. H. Dastoor, on a charge of using insulting and abusive language towards him and had him convicted and fined for the offence before the case was called out, two Mahomedans went up to Maneckji Rustomji, one of the petitioner's witnesses, who was then standing on the terrace of the court, One of the Mahomedans, whose name the petitioner subsequently ascertained to be Goolam Cheekey, seized Manekji by his hand and said "You are fortunate that you got off;" meaning that he was not assaulted. The Mahomedan then asked Maneckji for some *bakshis*, when the latter informed that he was not the petitioner, but was only a witness in the case and pointed out the petitioner who was then standing close by. The Mahomedan then caught hold of the petitioner and said that he had been promised money to assault him but as he did not get any he asked for the same from the petitioner and in case of refusal threatened to assault him. The petitioner told him not to annoy him or else he would be handed over to the police. In the same evening the petitioner was going towards the Carnac Bridge, in company of one Nusserwanji Pestonji, when the said Mahomedan again waylaid him and seizing him by the hand, asked for the money. When petitioner refused to comply with the demand, the Mahomedan followed him to Carnac Bunder, where in the presence of some contractors he again demanded the money and intimidated to strike him in case of refusal. The petitioner at once referred the matter to Mr. Cassell, the goods agent, who saw the two Mahomedans and sent for the police. He also made out both the Mahomedans left the place in a victoria. On the 30th July last when the petitioner went to Mr. Cassell, the latter informed him that one Vadilal and Jagabhoy had been to him and asked him not to allow the petitioner and his men to enter into the goods yard. Mr. Cassell refused to act on their direction and asked them to mind their own business. The petitioner informed Mr. Cassell that the said Vadilal was the brother of Dayabhoy, who was fined on the 27th ultimo at the instance of the petitioner and that Jagabhoy was his partner. The petitioner alleged that Vadilal and Jagabhoy had been after him since the 18th July last, on which day they wrongfully dismissed him from their service contrary to the agreement made between him and his employers. The petitioner further alleged that the said Vadilal and Jagabhoy had been annoying him and had hired Goolam Cheekey, and another Mahomedan to assault him. The said hire lings were found lurking and inquiring after the petitioner, and if he had not memborned that last year the last plague case occurred on the 25th September, on the evening of which Dr. Veriato Pinto arrived here, vested with powers of a Plague Commissioner, and since then the whole district of Damaun showed a clear mortality bill until the end of the following December, when sporadic cases of plagus occurred at Dholar which owing to its being completely evacuated under the peremptory orders of the Commissioner, accompanied by a military show escaped; a repetition of the disaster of the previous year. The plague then traveled to the suburbs of Upper Damaun and the authorities to adopt strict measures to prevent the approach of a recrudescence. H. E. the Governor of Damaun having by past experience acquired faith in Professor Haffine's prophylactic serum, engaged in January, 1898, the services of Dr. Kalapesi to inoculate people with very satisfactory results, and His Excellency will be well advised in view of virulent plague raging in the Bombay Presidency to get the people once more inoculated before sporadic cases appear and eventually develop into a widespread epidemic in Damaun.

SPECIALITY FOR THE SKIN.—Rowland's most emollient and most hygienic of all soaps. The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial luxury for the toilet, bath, and nursery; it leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition, absolutely pure. A boon to sensitive skins. Indispensable for children. Creamy lather. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE TYABJEE.)

THE INSOLVENCY OF COLONEL ANDERSON AND MR. LIDBETTER.

RE JOHN ANDERSON AND WILSON THOMPSON LIDBETTER, INSOLVENTS.

THIS was an appeal by Sir Thakore Shri Wagji, K.C.I.E. of Morvi, opposing creditor of the insolvents against an order of the Hon. Mr. Justice Russell made in the above petition on the 11th March 1899. Mr. Macpherson and Mr. Rivett-Carnac instructed by Messrs. Wadia and Ghandy appeared for the appellant; and Mr. Manker represented the Insolvents.

It appeared that the insolvents were indebted to the Thakore of Morvi in the sums of Rs. 50,000 and Rs. 40,000 lent to them at 8 per cent. interest in October and December 1895. On the 5th July 1897, the Thakore obtained a decree for Rs. 90,128, being the amount of his claim for principal and interest less Rs. 5,712, being the amount for which he was indebted to the Insolvents for horses, &c., purchased by him from them, with interest and the costs of the suit. The petition of the insolvents came on for hearing in February and March last before Mr. Justice Russell, who adjudged that this petition of the Insolvent Anderson be *with* prejudice adjourned till the 12th July 1899, and that the petition of the insolvent Lidbetter be *without* prejudice adjourned till the same date; and it was further ordered that the opposing creditors, the Thakore and Salle Mahomed Allarakhia, should be respectively entitled to prove against the estate in respect of their costs of and incidental to the opposition when taxed, but not with priority over other claims.

It was urged on behalf of the appellant, the Thakore, that the Commissioner of the court took an unduly lenient view of the insolvents' set of misconduct, and that their misconduct merited a severer punishment than was meted out to them. The Commissioner, it was remarked, decided against the weight of evidence in not holding that the appellant had satisfactorily proved the following grounds of opposition put by him:—That the Insolvents, conducted without any capital; that they were guilty of reckless trading; that they contracted the debt of the appellant under circumstances which showed gross misconduct on their part; that they fraudulently concealed the true state of their accounts, affairs, and dealings, and had made away with their property, and had filed a false schedule. The Commissioner having found that the conduct of the insolvent Anderson with regard to the preparation of the schedule the non-disclosure of the "Mulberry" transaction, and the entries relating to Mrs. Anderson's account in the insolvents' books merited the court's disapproval, the punishment inflicted was wholly inadequate. So was the punishment inflicted upon the insolvent Lidbetter, whose conduct merited disapproval with regard to the preparation of his schedule, the entire concealment of his transactions with Bhowram Jagnobha, his deriving profit from the firm, and his omission to explain the absence of the first cash book. It was urged that the Commissioner was in error in not compelling the insolvents to answer the question as to whether or not they had a private banking account and in not inferring from their refusal to answer that they had such banking account, which they were desirous of concealing from their creditors. The Commissioner was also in error in holding that there was no foundation for the suggestion that a portion of the monies borrowed from the appellant had gone into the pockets of the insolvents when it was found that Anderson and Lidbetter had respectively drawn Rs. 25,572 and Rs. 27,490 from the firm, and no books of account, papers or vouchers were produced by either of them to show what had become of the money. The Commissioner was further in error in holding that the promissory note for two lakhs of rupees given by the Maharaja of Patiala to Anderson could be treated as a tangible asset, upon the security of which the insolvents were justified in borrowing monies and starting business on a large scale. The Commissioner having found that the appellant had successfully established some of his grounds of opposition, ought to have ordered that the taxed costs of the opposing creditors should be paid out of the estate before any dividend was made thereof.

Mr. Macpherson said that in this case the insolvents had given no account of what they did with the money their firm received from time to time, and it was a case which should not be allowed to remain on the file. The decision of the Hon. Mr. Justice Russell that the insolvents had established a right to remain on the file, and it would be for their lord ships after hearing him to mete out the punishment the insolvents deserved. Even in the case of the estate of the late Hormasjee Wadia, the Hon. Sir Charles Farran found him guilty of misappropriating a very small sum and sentenced him to six months' imprisonment. The learned counsel then briefly stated how Colonel Anderson retired from service and how he came to establish the Commission Sadbi business in partnership with Mr. Lidbetter, who was an accountant. Referring to the claim of the Thakore Saheb of Morvi, he said, that the first loan advanced to Colonel Anderson's firm a sum of Rs. 50,000, on the 27th October 1895 and in the December following a further sum of Rs. 40,000. The Thakore Saheb filed a suit and obtained a decree for the amount in July 1897, and subsequently the insolvents filed their schedule. The case was heard for eight days, and from the judgment delivered it appeared that the Hon. Mr. Justice Russell was of opinion that the case was unduly protracted, and that the Thakore Saheb ought to have come here to give his evidence.

He was highly improbable that the Thakore Saheb would have advanced the insolvents such a large amount, if he was made aware of the true state of their affairs and which was patent to them. The insolvents drew large sums of money and refused to say what banking accounts they had.

The Chief Justice: How did they refuse?

Mr. Macpherson said that when the insolvents were asked about their banking accounts, their only answer was they did not remember. From the evidence and the schedule it appeared that the insolvent had realized no savings of the large sums of money they had received from time to time. One of the most important items of the kind was the purchase and sale of the famous pony "Mulberry." The pony was bought for Rs. 18,000 and sold for Rs. 27,000, and there was nothing to show what had become of the difference of Rs. 12,000.

The Chief Justice: How long after was the pony sold?

Mr. Macpherson said that the pony was sold some months after the purchase and before their insolvency. Referring to the English horse account, the learned Counsel read portions of the evidence of Colonel Anderson, and said that the result of the whole was that the transaction, Mrs. Anderson took the place of Colonel Anderson. The clearest case of concealment of property was the profit derived by the firm from the sale of the pony "Mulberry." Colonel Anderson had received the sale money, this no account appeared in the book except a large sum given to O'Brien.

The Chief Justice: Who is O'Brien?

Mr. Macpherson said that O'Brien was a book maker, but was not one now, having been warned off the turf all over India. The learned counsel hoped he was not abusing his privilege. Mr. Justice Tyabji had O'Brien's case before him over a pony and a cart. Commenting on the judgment, Mr. Macpherson said that, though Mr. Justice Russell had remarked upon the most unsatisfactory nature of the evidence, he had not drawn the logical conclusion on the evidence before him. The firm started business without capital. It was contended that trading without capital was not a substantive offence within the meaning of the Act. In the schedule first filed by the Insolvents the capital was shown at Rs. 1,600; in the intermediate schedule the capital was *nil*; and in the third schedule it was shown at Rs. 42,000. The learned counsel contended that the schedule was fictitious; and that was quite clear from the oral evidence of the insolvents, and from the statement they had prepared for the purpose of ascertaining the condition of their affairs.

Mr. Macpherson, in conclusion, said he had to complain of Mr. Justice Russell's decision as regarded the costs, which ought, to have been paid in priority to other claims upon the estate.

Mr. Rivett-Carnac proceeded to read the judgment delivered by Mr. Justice Russell in the matter; and Mr. Manker having addressed their lordships on behalf of the insolvents at some length, the court adjourned.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade....	6	0	7
B Mandvi, Dhakta, Umarkhadi and Dongri....	8	5	21
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswadi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	5	4	27
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpatty, Walkeshwar and Malabar Hill.....	4	1	4
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, and Nagpada, Kamathpura, Tardeo, Byculla and Nagpada.....	6	6	32
F Parel, Sewree and Sion ...	0	2	8
G Mahim and Worlee	0	0	7
Water Division.....	0	0	0
Non-resident and unknown...	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	3	8
Total.....	23	21	114
Total plague deaths to date...	59,011	49,954	
Same date last year	23	32	132

DAMAUN.

Owing to the appearance of dead rats in the military barracks in the Fort of Upper Damaun, the soldiers and the officers were ordered to vacate the barracks and have been located in other quarters. Dead rats have also made their appearance in Mangalwad, outside the Fort, in Upper Damaun. It will be remembered that last year the last plague case occurred on the 25th September, on the evening of which Dr. Veriato Pinto arrived here, vested with powers of a Plague Commissioner, and since then the whole district of Damaun showed a clear mortality bill until the end of the following December, when sporadic cases of plagus occurred at Dholar which owing to its being completely evacuated under the peremptory orders of the Commissioner, accompanied by a military show escaped; a repetition of the disaster of the previous year. The plague then traveled to the suburbs of Upper Damaun and the authorities to adopt strict measures to prevent the approach of a recrudescence. H. E. the Governor of Damaun having by past experience acquired faith in Professor Haffine's prophylactic serum, engaged in January, 1898, the services of Dr. Kalapesi to inoculate people with very satisfactory results, and His Excellency will be well advised in view of virulent plague raging in the Bombay Presidency to get the people once more inoculated before sporadic cases appear and eventually develop into a widespread epidemic in Damaun.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

Open 1,491 1-4 Miles.

The following is the statement of traffic, week ending 30th September, 1899.

	Incoming Traffic.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.	Other Earnings (Estimated)	Total Earnings.
	Receipts.	Receipts.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total—Corresponding week last Year.	1,33,932	4,86,297	51,67	6,23,936
Open 1,491½ miles.	—	—	—	4,51,126
Increase			Rs. 1,71,809	

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH. A few drops of the liquid "Florline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the mouth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar and delightful fragrance to the breath, and a delightful colour arising from decayed teeth. Fragrant "Florline" being composed entirely of herbs is delicious to the taste. Price 2s. per bottle. Sold by all Chemists and Stores, &c.

THE COLABA LAND AND MILL COMPANY, LD.

ANOTHER LIVELY MEETING.

THE adjourned ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above company was held yesterday afternoon, at the offices of Mr. N. M. Wadia, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort. Mr. Nowrji Maneckji Wadia, C. I. E. presided. It may be remembered that the meeting was adjourned on the last occasion to enable the shareholders to discuss the question of advisability or otherwise of selling the new and old mills belonging to the company, as they have been a losing concern since some years.

Mr. Cama, the secretary, was explaining to the meeting, whether it was advantageous to the shareholders to sell the mills, the assets of which were Rs. 29,00,000 and the liabilities Rs. 8,00,000 when,

Mr. Jamsetji Pavree, a sharehol

NOTICE.

LETTERS, PARCELS and TELEGRAMS for HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR, the Private Secretary, and the A.-D.-C. in waiting, which cannot be delivered at GANESHKHIND by 7-30 p.m., on 8th October, 1899, should be addressed "GOVERNOR'S CAMP" until 12th idem when they should be addressed to GOVERNMENT HOUSE, Bahableshwar, until further notice.

A. M. T. JACKSON,
Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.
Ganeshkhind, 1st October, 1899.

LAWRENCE & MAYO'S
NEUTRAL-TINTED EYE PRESERVERS.

ARE the best PROTECTION to the EYES from Sun and Dust, especially to those who are travelling in the tropics or whose avocations require them to be out in the heat of the day. They will be found an invaluable preventative to inflamation of the Eyes and irritative fever.

OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS.
BY APPOINTMENT
To H. E. The EARL OF ELGIN and KINCARDINE,
Viceroy and Governor-General of India.
OFFICES IN INDIA.
CALCUTTA. BOMBAY. MADRAS.
HEAD OFFICE
87, & 89, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON.
ILLUSTRATED LIST FREE.

PIANOFORTES
FOR
POONA SEASON, 1899,
ERARD PIANOFORTES.
FOR SALE,
FOR HIRE,
FOR HIRE-PURCHASE.
BLUTHNER PIANOFORTES.
FOR SALE,
FOR HIRE,
FOR HIRE-PURCHASE.
SCHIEDMAYER
AND SOEHNE'S PIANOFORTES.
FOR SALE,
FOR HIRE,
FOR HIRE-PURCHASE.

TUNING.—The well-being and durability of a piano depending in a great degree on the regularity of tuning by qualified tuners, MARCKS and CO., LD. have made special arrangement this season for the continual stay, at Poona, of a thoroughly competent man. Special attention is invited to the fact that Marcks and Co., Ld., possess special facilities for undertaking large repairs to pianos that have been years in use. They are able to restore them to a condition almost as good as new.

MARCKS AND CO., LD.,
IMPORTERS OF HIGH CLASS PIANOS
BOMBAY AND POONA.

S. R. BOTTLEWALLA AND Co.,
FINANCIAL AGENTS AND GENERAL BROKERS.
(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

TRANSACT EVERY KIND OF PERSONAL AGENCY, PARTICULARLY :—

NATIVE STATE AGENCY.—The Sovereigns, Princes, Chiefs, Nobles and Jaghirdars of Native states will best consult their interests by employing this firm as their BOMBAY AGENTS.

HOUSE, LAND, AND ESTATE AGENCY.—A Register kept of Houses, &c., wanted, and of all properties in the Market, which affords the best means of meeting the requirements of VENDORS, PURCHASERS, and all who wish to HIRE or LET HOUSES, OFFICES, &c

ADVANCES on fixed and equitable mortgages (deposit of title deeds).

LOANS on every description of tangible or good personal security. Secrecy and dispatch guaranteed.

MOFUSSIL AGENCY.—Up-country residents will find it greatly to their advantage to place all their ORDERS and COMMISSIONS in our hands. We undertake to execute them with care and fidelity and to give complete satisfaction.

GOVERNMENT PAPER, Stocks and Shares, bought and sold, and advice given as to investments.

RECOVERY OF OUTSTANDINGS, RENT, and DEBTS.

PARTNERSHIP AND BUSINESS AGENCY.—Partners with capital introduced. Capital procured for starting businesses Purchases and Sales of businesses negotiated.

LEGAL MATTERS, APPEALS, NEGOTIATIONS, PRIVATE ENQUIRIES, SETTLEMENTS UNDER ARBITRATION, skilfully conducted.

NOTE.—Under Section 37 of the Civil Procedure Code, and under Power of Attorney, Messrs. S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co., act as the recognised Agents of mofussil constituents, thus saving them the necessity of coming to Bombay to file and conduct their cases.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCES effected with the best Offices and at the most favourable rates.

CHARGES: Moderate. TERMS on Application.

OFFICES :
18, BANK STREET, FORT, BOMBAY
(OVER Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office

A CHUBB'S SAFE
TWICE
DEFEATS BURGLARS.
79, ST. JOHN STREET ROAD,
LONDON, E.C.,
DECEMBER 19TH 1898.

Messrs. CHUBB & SON'S
LOCK AND SAFE CO., LD.,
148, Queen Victoria Street, E.C.

GENTLEMEN,—We are the fortunate possessors of one of your Patent Fire-Resisting Safes, which last night was attempted by thieves who broke into our premises.

Though the burglars failed to force the Safe, they damaged the lock of it that the keys are of no use, we should be glad if you could send a practical man at once to see what can be done.

We may say this is the second attack the Safe has withstood within twelve months, but the last was of the most determined character.

You are at liberty to make what use you please of this letter, and we are happy to furnish the most practical evidence of the protection afforded by the possession of one of your Patent Safes.

We are,
Yours very truly,
(Signed) JONES & WELLS.

JEEJEE PESTONJEE,
The oldest and only Agent in Bombay.

Messrs. CHUBB AND SON'S LOCK AND SAFE CO., LD.,
PARSEE BAZAAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY,
ESTABLISHED 1847.

M. HUTCHINSON & Co.,
BROKERS, MERCHANTS, AND EAST INDIA AGENTS.
TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS,
NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE,
CHARING CROSS LONDON, W.C.
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS "PULLICATE LONDON."
A. B. C. CODE USED.

CONSIGNMENTS OF PRODUCE received and sold.

Orders executed with care and promptitude.

Cargo booked by a Line of Steamers.

GENERAL BUSINESS undertaken.

Representatives of Wm. HUTCHINSON and Co. (DEPT of INTIMATION), Board Steamers from the East on their arrival at Plymouth, at Gravesend or at the Docks, to take instructions of Clients and forwarding Baggage, &c.

INDIAN INDUSTRY.

Being a Reprint of Two Letters to the Bombay Gazette
And a Lecture by
MR. BEAUCLERK
Price 8 Annas.
TO BE HAD AT
THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE"
Messrs. Thacker and Co., Ld., Bombay.
Messrs. A. H. WHEELER & Co., Allahabad.
Messrs. THACKER SPINK and Co., Calcutta.
Messrs. HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 6.

THE reports received this week from the cotton-growing districts of this Presidency advised no rainfall worth mentioning, and the want of rain is still much felt. The cotton market has been generally firm in tone, with a further advance in prices to the extent of as much as Rs.11 to Rs. 14 per candy for the new crop. Wheat and seeds are quite but steady; rates rule in favour of sellers in the former, and in the latter, in favour of both sellers and buyers. Exchange has been steady, and quotations, as compared with last Friday's, show no change in Bank Paper, and an advance of 1-16d. in Private. Money is in good demand; the rate of the Presidency Bank was raised yesterday by 1 per cent. In Government Paper there has been a steady falling away, rates being this evening 2 1-2 per cent. lower for 3 1-2 per Cents, and 5 per cent. for 3 per Cents. Freights are firm with a little bussiness doing. In Imports there is little or no demand.

MONEY.—The Bank of Bombay Return for the week ending on Saturday last showed the following changes :—

Public Deposits at the Head Office..Inc.	Rs.		44,525
" " " Branches..	"		2,11,130
Other " ..Dec.	"		32,55,994
Government Securities ..Inc.	"		3,90,204
Other authorised "			unchanged
Loans ..Dec.	"		61,79,883
Bills Discounted and Purchased..	"		64,936
Balances with other Banks	"		27,084
Cash ..Inc.	"		29,70,957

An addition during last week to the cash Balance of the Bank of Bombay of some 29 3-4 lakhs, brought it up to 191 3-4 lakhs. In Public Deposits at the Head Office there was an increase of 1-2 lakh, and at the Branches one of 2 lakhs; while Private Deposits fell away to the extent of 32 1-2 lakhs. Government Securities were 2 lakhs more. Loans were 61 3-4 lakhs lower; Bills Discounted and Purchased, 1-2 lakh; and the Balances with other Banks, 1-4 lakh.

At yesterday's Board meeting of the Directors of the Bank of Bombay the Bank's rate was raised 1 per cent., and now stands at 6 per cent. The rate in the open market is also 6 per cent. There is a good demand.

Statement of the affairs of the Bank, as on the 30th September, 1899 :—

LIABILITIES.	Rs.
Capital	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	70,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	54,55,402
Do. do. at Branches	31,21,304
Other Deposits	3,31,78,383
Post Bills	4,592
Credits undrawn	10,74,706
Rs...	5,98,34,446

ASSETS.	Rs.
Government Securities	95,03,785
Other authorised Securities	34,37,024
Credits on Government and other authorised Securities	44,05,425
Loans on do. do.	1,65,29,791
Bills Discounted and Purchased	60,87,572
Dead Stock	4,22,745
Stamps and Stationery	20,907
Bullion	1,65,210
Balances with other Banks	1,91,71,987
Cash	
Rs...	5,98,34,446

EXCHANGE.—At opening last Saturday the market was firm in tone at 1s. 4 3-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s. 4 11-32d. for three months' sight Credits. In the latter there was nothing reported done, and for Bank Paper the enquiry was limited. On Monday rates were firm at 1s. 4 3-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, 1s. 4 1-8d. for Demand, and 1s. 4 11-32d. for three months' sight Credits, with only a moderate business passing. On Tuesday the market continued firm in tone with 1s. 4 3-32d. to 1 8d. quoted for Bank Telegraphic, 1s. 4 1-8d. for Demand, and 1s. 4 3-8d. for three months' sight Credits. Merchants' Bills were scarce, and the enquiry for Bank remittance was small; some Bank Wire was reported to have changed hands at 1s. 4 1-8d. Rates were steady the next day at 1s. 4 1-8d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s. 4 13-32d. for three months' sight Credits, with very little business reported done. The market was steady in tone yesterday at 1s. 4 3-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, 1s. 4 1-8d. for Demand, and 1s. 4 13-32d. for three months' sight Credits. The latter were reported done at 1s. 4 3-8d. to a moderate extent; also some Bank wire was placed at 1s. 4 1-8d. Rates were firm to-day at 1s. 4 1-8d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s. 4 13-32d. for three months' sight credits. A moderate amount of business passed both way, and rates closed with a steady feeling at the following level :—

Bank Bills on Demand	...1s. 4 1-8d.	per Rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	...1s. 4 1-8d.	"
Credits 3 months' Sight	...1s. 4 13-32d.	"
Francs	...1 7-1 2	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER was weak and varying in tone last mail day at 94 for Money, for 3 1-2 per Cents, and 91 1-16 for Account. On Monday rates were steady at 93 3-8 for Money for 3 1-2 per Cents, 93 1-4 for Account, and 92 3-4 for 3 per Cents. There was a very weak tone in the market on Tuesday, with a further fall in prices, which are expected to go still lower. For Account 91 3-8 was quoted, for 3 1-2 per Cents; and for Threes 83 to 84, nominal. It was rumoured that the Home Government contemplate a new issue of Consols for about 37 crores. On Wednesday rates were rather steady at 92 5-8 for Cash, for 3 1-2 per Cents, 92 1-2 for the Settlement, and 89 for Threes. Rates were weak yesterday at 92 1-2 for Cash, for 3 1-2 per Cents, 92 3-8 for the Settlement, and 89 for Threes. There has been an unsteady and fluctuating feeling in the market to-day with 92 1-4 quoted for Cash for 3 1-2 per Cents, at opening, from which the rate declined to 92 1-16, then improved to 92 1-2, and again declined to 92 1-4, closing thereat; for the Settlement 92 1-4 was quoted, and 85 for 3 per Cents.

SHARES.—There has been but little doing in this market, the feeling having been dull throughout the week. Prices rule generally in favour of buyers, and have hardly fluctuated at all day by day.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—Owing to the scarcity in the districts buyers are backward to operate; holders are disposed to sell, on the other hand, in spite of the higher rates ruling at Manchester. Rates here are drooping. In Bleached, Dyed, Turkey Red, and Printed Goods there has been a very small business passing, with prices nominally unchanged. In Lesly-made goods there is a dull and drooping tone. The clearances of Imported Goods from the bazar during the week have been some 1,200 packages, and of Local about 650 bales.

YARNS.—A very fair bussiness has been put through in this market; prices are showing a tendency to moveup. The China markets are active, sales amounting to some 11,000. The clearances from our local bazaar have been about 9,000 bales. The market is strong in tone, official quotations are as follows :—

Twist	No.	8s	Mule,	As.	3 1-4 to 3 3-4 per lb.
"	"	10s	"	"	3 3-8 " 3 7-8 "
"	"	12s	"	"	3 5-8 " 4 5-8 "
"	"	16s	"	"	4 3-4 " 5 "
"	"	20s	"	"	4 1-2 " 5 1-2 "
"	"	24s	"	"	5 " 5 3-4 "
"	"	30s	"	"	5 1-4 " 6 3-4 "
"	"	40s	"	"	7 " 7 1-2 "

METALS.—Prices are unchanged all round.

COALS.—During the past week there have been sales of "Deshagur," ready in harbour, at Rs. 15 to Rs. 15 1-4 per ton; "Seebpore," November-December shipment, at Rs. 14 3-4; and "Muir's" delivery this year, at Rs. 14, and for next year, at Rs. 13 1-2. For English coal importers ask very high prices, and buyers' ideas are much below sellers. The market closes firm and advancing; we quote alongside :—

	Ready. Per Ton. Rs.	Forward. Per Ton. Rs.
Welsh Hartley	Nil	20 1-2
West Do.	Nil	
Australian	23	22
Powell's	23	22
Cardiff	Nil	19 1-2
Japan	13 1-2	13 1-2
Singapore	15 3-4	15 1-2
Deshagur, Bengal	14 1-2	14 1-2
Muir's Navigation	14 1-2	13 1-2
Jardine's	Nil	14 1-2
Seebpore	Nil	

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—The market for this staple has been very firm in tone, with a moderate business passing. Forward prices continue to move up, and show an advance this morning, as against last Friday's, of Rs. 11 to Rs. 14 per candy, quotations being : for Good Broach, March delivery, Rs. 214; Fully Good Bengal, for January, Rs. 168; Good Bhownugger, for May, Rs. 189 to Rs. 190. The market closes with a firm feeling.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool via Canal, without commission, viz. :—

	Per Candy. Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal, Fine	Rs. 172—3 3-16d.
Do. Fully Good	" 165—3 15-32d.
Do. Do. January, 1900	" 158—3 9-16d.
Do. Good	" 160—3 5-8d.
Belaire, Fine	" 181—3 25-32d.
Do. Fully Good	" 177—3 31-32d.
Khandeish, Fully Good	" 175—3 5-8d.
Do. Do. Jan. 1900	" 180—3 23-32d.
Oomra, Fully Good	" 184—3 23-32d.
Dhollera, Fine	"
Do. Fully Good	" 183—3 5-8d.
Do. Good	" 172—3 7-8d.
Do. Do. May, 1900	" 190—4 1-32d.
A. G. Dharwar, Good	" 182—3 5-8d.
Westerns	" 175—3 7-8d.
Broach, Fine	"
Do. Good	" 190—3 7-8d.
Do. Do. March, 1900	" 214—4 3-8d.

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparisons with the previous two years :—

	Receipts.	1899. Bales.	1898. Bales.	1897. Bales.
For the week		4,629	3,308	1,536
From 1st Jan. to 5th Oct. 1899		1,178,295	1,09,617	1,306,189
	Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week		191	3,736	1,263
From 1st Jan. to 5th Oct. 1899		880,316	417,715	463,451
	Clearances to China, Japan, Calcutta, &c.			
For the week		2,938	2,076	1,400
From 1st Jan. to 5th Oct. 1899		198,446	118,452	88,971

The telegraphic weather and crop reports received from the districts on Monday advised that the cotton plants at Barsi were in flower, those at Bellary could scarcely look better, and those at Jalgaon were showing bolls. At Dhulia rain was much needed; at Hubli alone had there been any rainfall since the previous Thursday, and that but 54 cents. The weather was generally bright and without rain.

"No more rain (as yesterday's wired reports advised) has fallen in the districts since that reported above. The weather was bright throughout. At Sholapur the field operations were interrupted owing to the want of rain; but at Hubli, where the weather was unusually cool at the time of the despatch of the reports, an improvement in the crops was expected.

WHEAT.—The market is quiet but steady in tone. We quote :—

White Pessy, 91 per cent	Rs. 40 0-0	per candy.
Do. 85 per cent.	" 38-0-0	"
No. 1 Club Delhi	" 6-3-0	per cwt.
Red Delhi	" 6-0-0	"
Hard Yellow	" 40 0-0	"
Red Ahmedabad	" 37-0-0	"
Hard Red	" 36-0-0	"

SEEDS are a firm market, with a small enquiry. Prices are as follows :—

Linseed	Rs.	8	7 per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat	"	6 15	0 "
Do. do. Cawnpore	"	6 12	0 "
Do. Red do.	"	6 10	0 "
Gingelly, White	"	45	0 0 "
Do. Mixed	"	40	0 0 "

The comparative imports of Wheat and Seeds are as under :—

	1899. Cwts.	1898. Cwts.	1897. Cwts.
Wheat for the week	43,809	13,410	22,321
Do. from 1st Jan. to 5th Oct.	4,609,445	7,190,459	1,432,438
Linseed for the week	12,616	44,303	3,289
Do. from 1st Jan. to 5th Oct.	1,959,752	2,174,321	401,401
Rapeseed for the week	15,661	24,447	3,467
Do. from 1st Jan. to 5th Oct.	1,884,399	1,895,015	1,745,841
Gingelly for the week	7,321	13,822	3,026
Do. from 1st Jan. to 5th Oct.	1,039,622	1,205,851	388,897

The clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and the Continent are as follows :—

	1899. Cwts.	1898. Cwts.	1897. Cwts.
Wheat for the Week		19,468	
Do. from 1st January to 5th October	2,823,214	5,432,086	2,813
Linseed for the Week	101,483	28,043	7,322
Do. from 1st January to 5th October	1,943,823	2,199,722	533,540
Rapeseed for the Week	28,493	49,207	4,002
Do. from 1st January to 5th October	1,733,849	1,942,486	1,539,569
Gingellyseed for the Week		645	
Do. from 1st January to 5th October	1,351,893	1,394,343	458,139

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, OCT. 5.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firmer. Sprats firm.

Good Bhownuggur, 3 8-32.

The Manchester Market has been firm.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	103 1-4
2½ per cent. Rentes	100 1-4
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	111
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Papers	62 1-8
Bar Silver	26 5-8

The sum of about £220,000 has been paid into the Bank of England.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—Total Bullion £32,700,000, Decrease £1,900,000; Public Deposits £10,600,000, Increase £2,400,000; Other Deposits £41,600,000, Increase £1,900,000; Other Securities £33,700,000, Increase £3,700,000; Notes and Gold £20,703,000, Decrease £2,700,000. The Bank's Reserve is 39 per cent. of the Liabilities.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS,

COLOMBO, OCT. 6.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. Nankin (extra) left here yesterday evening, and is expected to arrive in Bombay at 4 p.m. on Monday next.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 23rd September, 1899, on 461 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total Traffic for the week	Rs. 83,000	Rs. 2,00,000	Rs. 4,000	Rs. 2,87,000
Or per mile of Railway	180	434	9	623
For previous 11 weeks of half-year	9,12,717	18,46,617	34,393	27,93,727
Total for 38 weeks	2,95,717	27,00,017	38,393	30,30,727
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	61,086	1,26,633	691	1,88,352
Per mile of Ry. do.	132	275	2	409
Total to correspounding date do.	8,55,470	16,79,093	38,896	25,73,462

Increase for the week ..... Rs. 98,603
Ditto to-date ..... " 5,01,265

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

(Includes Rajputana, Holkar, Sindia-Neemuch, Rewari-Bhatinda and Cawnpore-Achnera State Railways.)

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 23rd September, 1899, on 1,615'36 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total traffic for the week	Rs. 1,15,000	Rs. 3,05,000	Rs. 8,000	Rs. 4,28,000
Or per mile of Railway	70	185	5	260
For previous 11 weeks of half-year	11,71,607	23,67,772	82,932	41,27,318
Total for 12 weeks	12 86,607	31,73,772	90,932	45,51,318
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,12,943	1,86,981	4,81	3,04,737
Per mile of Ry do.	69	112	3	182
Total to correspond. ing date do.	14 85,76	21,36,720	87,091	39,09,077

Increase for the week ..... Rs. 1,23,233
Do. to date ..... " 6,42,241

PALANPUR-DEESA RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 23rd September 1899, on 17'28 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total traffic for the week	Rs. 300	Rs. 300	Rs. ...	Rs. 600
Or per mile of Railway	17	18	...	35
For previous 11 weeks of half-year	3,950	1,828	9	5,796
Total for 12 weeks	4,250	2,128	9	6,396
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	278	157	1	436
Per mile of Ry. do.	16	9	...	25
Total to corresponding date do.	3,712	2,156	21	5,889

Increase for the week ..... Rs. 164
Ditto to date ..... " 507

GODHRA-RUTLAM-NAGDA RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 23rd September, 1899, on 141'14 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total traffic for the week	Rs. 2,700	Rs. 13,630	Rs. 60	Rs. 16,390
Or per mile of Railway	19	96	1	116
For previous 11 weeks of half-year	27,781	1,56,901	1,142	1,85,827
Total for 11 weeks	30,481	1,70,504	1,202	2,12,187
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	3,364	12,579	22	15,965
Per mile of Ry. do.	24	89	...	113
Total to correspounding date do.	43,710	1,77,300	1,762	2,22,772

Increase for the week ..... Rs. 395
Do to date ..... " 10,585

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

CONTENTS :—

1 DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES—HOMEWARD MAILS FROM BOMBAY—OUTWARD MAILS FROM EUROPE—HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.
2-3-4 THE WEEK.
4 The land assessment in Thana District.—Bombay Municipal corporation.
5-6 INDIAN TELEGRAMS.
7 The South African Expedition—The Transvaal Crisis—BOMBAY AND PRESIDENCY.
8 The Collision with the Bhils in the Panch Mahals—Plague Administration in Kolahpur—The Level of the Subsoil Water in Bombay—The Impending Famine—The Distress in Cutch Mandvie—Famine Preventive Measures in the Thana Districts—Dacoities in Kandeish—Arrival of the R. I. M. S. Clive.
9 The Simla Season: The Air Like Wine—"Things Chinese."
10 The Poona Season—Ahmedabad News—Dharwar Notes.
11 The Alleged Poisoning Plot at Kolhapur.
12 Bombay Underwriters' Association—Bombay Port Trust—Reviews.
13 MILITARY NEWS—Departure of the Transport Dunera—The Expedition against the Mishmis.
14 LEADING ARTICLES: Averting a Social Revolution—The Resignation of General Gordon.
15 LEADING ARTICLES: Municipal Government in the Mofussil.
16 LEADING ARTICLES: The Bombay Mills in 1898—The Artillery Service in India.
17 SPORTING NEWS: Poona Extra Races—Association Football.
18 Poona Lawn Tennis Handicap—The City Mortality.
19-20 Presidency Plague Returns—Bombay Yarn in China—Municipal Standing Committee—Loss of a Coasting Steamer off Jaffna—Mr. Malleson—Alleged Misconduct of Lawyers.
21 High Court—Original Side—High Court—Appellate Side Madras.
22 INCIDENTS of a British Officer—BENGAL—N.-W. PROVINCES, OUDH, AND PUNJAB—FRONTIER NEWS—MISCELLANEOUS—OFFICIAL GAZETTES: Government of India Orders.
23 Bombay Government Orders—Shipping Intelligence—Bank of Bengal.
24-28 Commercial Intelligence—Bombay Market Reports—Bombay Price Current—Freights.
29 ADVERTISEMENTS.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES, THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

LEAO—MIRANDA—October 2, at the Chapel of Our Lady of Victory, Upper Mahim, by the Revd. Father Walrath, S.J., Samuel Aloysius, son of D. F. Leao, of Government House, to Mary Amelia, daughter of D. Miranda, of the Abkari Department.

DEATH.

PATEL—October 5, Meherali Mohamed Patel, Managing Clerk, to Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, Sayani and Co. Third day ceremony, to-day (Saturday) 7th October, at 9 a.m., Khadak, Khoja Mohulla.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

BUTLER—September 21, at Quetta, the wife of Major J B R Butler, 5th Bombay Cavalry (Jacob's Horse), of a son.

DEATH.

HAMILTON—October 3, at Allahabad, Eva Wendeline Best, the dearly loved wife of Gerald John Montgomery Hamilton, Bank of Upper India, Allahabad.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** ALL communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to the Editor and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1899.

WE need not attach any particular importance to the alleged want of confirmation of the delivery of an ultimatum at Pretoria to Mr. Conyngbame Greene on Monday, or of the forward movement of General Joubert and the withdrawal of General Symons on Thursday. There were denials—very natural denials—of the Boer ultimatum in London; but Dr. Leyds, the Diplomatic Agent of the Transvaal Government in Europe, received confirmation of the fact, which was published at Brussels. It is certain that the Boer army, with a strong force of artillery, advanced on Thursday, and that the British forces retired, for a telegram received by the British Government acknowledges that a panic had taken place at Newcastle owing to the reported advance of the Boers, but that there was "no immediate cause for alarm." Such euphuisms are always resorted to on such occasions to break the effect of unwelcome news. It is scarcely to be supposed that the war correspondent of an important London newspaper, himself at Newcastle, would in pure wantonness have invented the story that the Premier of Natal had cabled that the town, which the Boers were about to attack, could receive no assistance from the military, and that the inhabitants should surrender, as resistance would be futile. The telegram to the Government does not say that no such message was sent or received, or that General Penn Symons still holds his position on the frontier. It is, no doubt, very important from every point of view that, after announcing that Great Britain was preparing an ultimatum, the non-acceptance of which would mean the immediate extinction of the South African Republic by a force of fifty thousand men, it should have been left to the Boer Government to deliver the ultimatum to the British Agent at Pretoria, and, on expiration of the forty-eight hours fixed for the withdrawal of our troops, that General Joubert should find no difficulty in compelling the evacuation of the positions they held on on the frontier. The audacity and success with which the Boer Staff have made it evident that, on the north-west frontier of Natal, the balance of strength is on their side, and that they know how to turn it to the best account, will give heart and confidence to their troops, rally Dutch sympathies throughout the Cape and Natal to their side, and proportionately discourage and humiliate the British elements of the population, which everywhere, except in the colony of Natal and in the Rand, is in a minority. The prestige of the Boers is enhanced by an addition to a fairly long roll of military successes, which the British Government and their Generals did not believe possible.

It is strange how, in their main lines, recent events in the Transvaal closely follow the somewhat dismal precedents of 1881, when the Administrator of the annexed territory of the Transvaal, Sir Owen Lanyon, wrote day after day to Major Sir Pomeroy Colley, then newly appointed Governor of Natal and High Commissioner of South Africa—including the Transvaal—that with the exception of a few interested agitators the Boers were perfectly content, that there was no danger of any movement, that they were necessarily divided and utterly incapable of united action, and that, moreover, they were arrant cowards and would never face British troops. This was said in the face of the strenuous Boer agitation, carried on for three years, to get the annexation cancelled. They sent deputations to England, met *en masse* at different centres to address memorials to Sir Bartle Frere, to the Government of England, to the Queen. Their exasperation at finding that the Liberals, who in Opposition had advocated their cause, on returning to power declined to restore the Republic was growing highly dangerous. Sir William Butler, in his admirable biography of Sir Pomeroy Colley, says very truly that the vital want in the condition of affairs then existing in the Transvaal was sympathy. The Boers were goaded into desperation by an absence of that essential quality between them and their rulers. When Sir Bartle Frere met the Boers at a mass meeting in 1879, he told them that their grievances were groundless, and that their desire for independence was only "tall talk." In every market place or village centre the Uitlanders of those days pelted them with contemptuous epithets, and flung the taunt at them that, speak sedition as they might, they were afraid of fire-arms. Every official, military and civil, was satisfied that "the Boers will not fight." Colley, who had to take his information from Lanyon, seemed half-inclined to believe that such was the case. The cost of the military posts—six of them, extending over a distance of six hundred miles—being excessive, he resolved to reduce the number of regiments, and agreed to send the King's Own Dragoons back to India, where there was trouble again after Maiwand. He was shocked to find that the garrisons were growing demoralised, and that desertions were alarmingly numerous. When the King's Dragoon Guards heard that they were to return to India many deserted—amongst them a Sergeant, with £200 of the troop and canteen money. The Boers expected that the garrisons would join them if they rose and declared their independence. It is even said that they offered every soldier a farm for himself, but that seems not to rest on any trustworthy evidence. The Administrator and the other officials were quite satisfied with the success of the annexation, and were delighted that it was not to be undone by Mr. Gladstone, who, like General Colley, took this view of the situation from them; no other was available. Sir Owen Lanyon wrote to General Colley :—"It is all a matter of taxes; until the Boers find they have to pay, there will be trouble." He gave orders that the wagons—the family coaches of the country—should be seized and sold by public auction to compel payment. The wagon of a prominent leader being put up to auction, the auctioneer was kicked off the platform and badly treated. Lanyon determined to act with energy, and asked that a military guard of sixty men should escort the delinquents to exemplary punishment. Then came news that the Boers had assembled on December 18 at Heidelburg, hoisted the flag of the Republic, and proclaimed their independence. "I cannot conceive," wrote Lanyon to Colley, "what can have caused the Boers to act as they have, for it is certainly the result of an impulse, and cannot have been premeditated....I do not feel anxious for I know that these people cannot be united, nor can they stay in the field." Two days later he informed Colley that the 94th Regiment had been ordered to concentrate on Pretoria; it was attacked by Piet Joubert when the men were scattered over half a mile. Every officer and the sergeants were at once shot down, so that the men had no one to lead them. "Had they charged, I believe, they would have driven the Boers back. One Hundred and twenty were killed and wounded, and the rest made prisoners. I fear our men must have shot infamously, for the Boers were only 200 yards away, and yet they only killed one and wounded three." He told Colley that the situation was most puzzling, for, up to the day when they suddenly went to Heidelburg, the two leaders, Kruger and Pretorius, were most anxious to come to a settlement. Their hands must have been forced by the younger men :—"Even now it seems as if they cannot trust the greater number of their followers, for they always attack in small bodies with their best men. If they were in large numbers they would not stand so well, and a bolt would be more likely." Moreover, the Natal papers had been writing that Government had its hands full in Afghanistan and Ireland, and that the military force in South Africa was too weak; "this was greedily devoured by the Boers in camp, I am told." Then came the invasion of Natal, three successive defeats of Sir George Colley, who was himself slain in the last encounter. The moral cowards surprised their brave adversary by the intrepidity with which they charged over ground swept by guns to get within rifle-range of the gunners.

Mutatis mutandis, a great deal of this ancient history has been reproduced with considerable fidelity in the present year of grace. We have seen the same want of sympathy; the same readiness to impute the lowest motives; to exasperate susceptibilities by studied taunts. Mr. Chamberlain, while ostensibly negotiating to establish more friendly relations with the Transvaal, has informed that Republic that the atmosphere of South Africa is tainted, corrupt, dishonest, and cannot be trusted. The vituperation of the jingo press in Johannesburg and London has left nothing unsaid that could inflict a wound or barb an insult. It has been repeated over and over again, that the younger generation of Boers cannot fight, that they are a negligible quantity, and that in fine it is high time that the Republic should disappear from the map. All this while, the Government has utterly failed to provide the military resources which every competent judge knows will be required to compel the Boers, armed and organised as they never were before, to acknowledge themselves vanquished. Mr. Chamberlain pursued his campaign of calculated provocation "with an absolute disregard to the military aspects of the situation." It is the Boers who again take the initiative, invade Natal, and make good their footing, while the British force, that was to have compelled disarmament, withdraws to await reinforcements, and see generally what is going to turn up. The Government, having appointed one highly-competent Commander-in-Chief, immediately made arrangements to supersede him by an able distinguished officer, seven years his senior. With how little wisdom this mismanaged planet is governed!

ONE of the most interesting sections of Mr. J. E. O'Conor's very admirable report on the trade of British India, for the year ended March last, is that in which he deals with the trade in Indian tea. The exports last year were about 157½ million pounds, being just double the quantity exported thirteen years previously and representing a value of Rx. 80,44,804. For the last seven years the trade has rapidly increased, and, coincident with the rise of Indian tea in the English market, China tea has been steadily declining in popular favour, until competition, at home, from that source is regarded by planters

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE CRISIS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

BOER ADVANCE INTO NATAL NOT "CONFIRMED."

LONDON, OCT. 5.

The advance of the Boers into Natal, which the *Daily Telegraph* announced, has not been confirmed.

NO CAUSE FOR ALARM AT NEWCASTLE.

A later telegram received from Newcastle by the government states that there is no immediate cause for alarm, and that the panic which took place there due to the reported advance of the Boers has been exaggerated.

TROOPS HURRIED TO THE FRONT.

The troops, which have just arrived at Durban, are being landed at once and hurried off to the front.

DISAPPOINTMENT AT THE CAPE REGARDING THE DELAY.

There is great disappointment at the Cape at the delay which is taking place at home in the despatch of troops to South Africa from England.

MILITARY APPOINTMENT.

Major-General Colville has been selected to command a Brigade in South Africa.

THE REPORTED BOER ULTIMATUM.

THE FOREIGN OFFICE DOES NOT KNOW.

MIDNIGHT.

The British Foreign Office knows nothing of a Boer ultimatum having been handed to the British agent at Pretoria.

THE BOER CONCENTRATION AT VOLKSRUST.

OCT. 6.

The chief Boer concentration is taking place in the neighbourhood of Volkrust where, it is estimated, there are 18,000 and 22,000 men have already assembled, but these figures are probably an exaggeration.

OUR SITUATION IN NATAL REGARDED AS SECURE.

The last arrivals of troops from India are regarded as enriching the military situation in Natal secure.

THE AUSTRALIAN FORCE FOR SOUTH AFRICA.

The Australian Commandants who have been sitting in Conference at Melbourne have recommended that a force of 2,000 men be sent to South Africa. Mr. Chamberlain has telegraphed, suggesting that 1,000 be sent each from New South Wales and Victoria, and 125 from South Australia, besides the Queensland Contingent, already accepted.

The preference will be given to Infantry.

The West Australia will also send a contingent.

The New South Wales Lancers, now training at Aldershot, are not going to the Cape as was stated yesterday.

THE AMERICA CUP RACE,

OCT. 5.

The second race for the America Cup took place today and was again without result.

OCT. 6.

There is general satisfaction at the behaviour of Shamrock and her handling, considering the light airs which prevailed. Her chances are considered good.

The contest is expected to be a splendid one.

THE VENEZUELA AWARD,

ALLAHABAD, OCT. 6.

The London correspondent of the *Pioneer* says:—

The award of the Venezuela Arbitrators ratifies Schomburg line with the exception of Barima Point, at the mouth of the Orinoco, which, as Lords Salisbury, Granville and Rosebery suggested, is to be given over to Venezuela. The district is examp[illegible] the substitution of Wenamre for the Cuyune as the Guiana frontier, of the colony delivers Indians from [illegible] native rule. The chief rivers, goldfields, timber forests of the contested region fall to Venezuela. Venezuela received 200,000 square miles of territory instead of the 300,000 she claimed.

BOMBAY COMMAND ORDERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCT. 6.

Military Works Department.—Captain Dunster, R.E., is transferred from the Bombay Division, Military Works, to Kamptee, in the Mhow Division, Military Works, on return from leave to England.

Captain Clore, R.E., is posted to the charge of the Bombay Division, Military Works. Command Order 539, dated 22nd ultimo, is cancelled.

Royal Army Medical Corps.—Under instructions, Army Head-quarters, India, Captain Lewis will be restored to the Home establishment with effect from 18th December 1899.

Indian Medical Service.—The undermentioned on arrival from England are posted as follows:—Lieutenants Maddock and Luke, to Bombay district; Lieutenants Dickinson and Manuk, to Poona district; Lieutenants Lowson and Beamen, to Quetta district; Lieutenant Sloan, to Mhow District.

Under instructions received from the War Office, it is notified that in consequence of the formation of the Royal Regiment of Artillery of two corps, mounted and dismounted, it has been decided that in future non-commissioned officers of Royal Horse and Royal Field Artillery will be eligible for posting to the permanent staff of Militia Artillery, Volunteer Artillery only, the permanent staff of the Garrison Artillery Units of the Military Forces being similarly reserved for non-commissioned officers of the Dismounted Branch of the regiment.

With reference to G. O. C. C. No. 306, dated 1st April, it is notified, for information and guidance, that, when reporting bursts in 3·3-inch ammunition, the officers concerned should at the same time forward the arms in which such bursts occurred to the arsenal on which they are dependent for examination. Troops stationed at Aden should, however, send such arms to the Aden Depot. Those at Poona, Kirkee, Ahmednagar, and Satara to the Poona Depot instead of the Bombay Arsenal. For the definition of "bursts," see Command Order No. 488, dated 25th August.

The undermentioned officer has been permitted by the Secretary of State to return to duty:—Lieutenant Wilkinson, 7th Bombay Lancers.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing, the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:—Second-Lieutenant Macleod, Staff Corps, officiating Squadron Officer, 1st Bombay Lancers, for six months; pension service, second year commenced on 22nd January.

The undermentioned Warrant Officer is granted leave to proceed out of India:—Sub-Conductor Benford, Military Works Department, for twelve months.

The undermentioned officers and Warrant Officers have leave of absence:—Royal Artillery—Brigadier-General Blakeley, Colonel on the Staff, Royal Artillery, Bombay Command, six months. Shropshire Light Infantry—Major Lyle, six months, medical certificate, out of India. Welsh Regiment—Lieut. Wyllie, 13 months, on private affairs. Wiltshire Regiment—Captain Bigby, 12 months, on private affairs, out of India. 20th Hussars—Major Graham, pending retirement.

The undermentioned are granted extensions:—Wiltshire Regiment—Lieut.-Colonel Carter, from 26th Sept. to 25th October, on private affairs. Royal Irish Regiment—Lieutenant Haslam, 15th September to 4th October, pending embarkation with drafts. Royal Artillery—1st Brigade Corps—Capt. Lewis, from 19th September to 18th December, on medical certificate. 1st Cavalry—Lieutenant Heyland, three months, medical certificate. 9th Bombay Infantry—Lieutenant Coxe, one month, medical certificate. 20th Punjab Infantry—Lieutenant Stewart, 3 months, on private affairs. Commissariat-Transport Department—Conductor Hendreston.

PLAGUE IN POONA.

POONA, OCT. 6.

There were 32 cases and 27 deaths recorded in the city, the total mortality being 38; in the cantonment 5 cases, 1 death; in the suburban area 1 case; in the district 180 cases, 117 deaths; Kirkee 7 cases, 4 deaths; Hadapsar 7 cases, 7 deaths; Loni 5 cases, 4 deaths; Depodi 6 cases, 4 deaths.

Dr. Herbert Bromley, dentist of Bombay and Poona, was attacked with plague and admitted into Sassoon Hospital. The fever is not very high, and the attack is mild.

Mr. Dalton, a chemist, is nearly well. Miss Dart and Master Ingham have both undergone operations.

A child of Sergeant-Major Worsford, 29th Field Battery, has been admitted into hospital.

BAD IN BHOR STATE.

The plague is raging badly in the Bhor State.

LORD SANDHURST VISITS GENERAL PLAGUE HOSPITAL.

Lord Sandhurst pays a visit to the General Plague Hospital to-morrow.

TRANSFERS AMONG POLICE SUPERINTENDENTS.

The following transfers amongst Superintendents of Police will shortly be made:—Mr. Cox, Special Branch, Secretariat, to be Superintendent of Police, Dharwar. Mr. Adams to be District Superintendent of Police, G. I. P. Railway; Mr. Henderson, from G. I. P. Railway to Baroda. Mr. Penton to be District Superintendent of Police, Thana.

CRICKET IN POONA.

GYMKHANA vs. THE HINDUS.

The two days' cricket match between Mr. Dear's Eleven and Ghordundas Khatao's, from Bombay, commenced to-day. The latter team have brought several good batsmen from the Presidency. The home team, having won the toss, went in to play and made 177 runs. They played up to 4 o'clock. Then the visitors went in and made 64 runs for two wickets down. The following are the scores:—

MR. DEAR'S ELEVEN.
(First Innings.)

Captain Douglas, not out	88
Mr Deas, b Chonkar	29
Captain Usborne, c Saraph, b Shivshanker	25
Mr Markham, b Banda	0
Mr Kelly, c Paraghe, b Banda	7
Mr Brysdale, b Bhide	4
Mr Young, b Shivshanker	2
Corporal Mayrne, b Bhide	2
Mr Lang, st Saraph, b Shivshanker	1
Mr Maclew, b Shivshanker	1
Mr Way, b Shivshanker	2
Extras	16
Total	177

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	R	M	W
Bhide	25	59	6	2
Shivshanker	24	37	7	5
Chonkar	8	34	1	1
Banda	7	31	1	2

MR. GHORDUNDAS'S ELEVEN
(First Innings)

Mr Narringh, c Kelly, b Deas	14
Mr Bhanda, b Deas	26
Mr Bhandare, not out	17
Mr Chonkar, not out	3
Extras	4
Total	64

MILITARY APPOINTMENT.

THE REGIMENT FOR BERBERA.

SIMLA, OCT. 6.

Brevet-Colonel Whitby, British Service, Madras, is appointed to succeed Colonel Paley, A.-A.-G., Rawalpindi.

The 3rd Bombay Cavalry is nominated for service at Berbera, but the despatch of troops thither is now suspended under orders from Home.

REST CAMP ARRANGEMENTS.

BOMBAY COMMAND.

Arrangements, to include coffee shops, have been sanctioned for the accommodation of members of the Army Temperance Association at all Railway Rest Camps used by details proceeding to and from Bombay during the trooping season.

CHITRAL RELIEFS.

The Chitral Reliefs reached Darora yesterday; all well.

FREE PASSAGES TO REGIMENTAL FAMILIES GOING TO DEPOTS.

The Government of India have confirmed the ruling of granting free passages to the families of regimental N. C. O's and men proceeding to Convalescent Depots or other stations under medical orders.

GOVERNMENT REMOUNTS.

A cavalry officer is to be put on special duty to ascertain what becomes of young stock reared from Government sires in India with a view to their more extensive utilisation as remounts.

VOLUNTEER CAMPS-OF-EXERCISE GRANTS.

It has been decided that Volunteer Corps, which are too small to form camps of exercise by themselves, may join camps of larger corps in the neighbourhood, the latter drawing the Government allowance for the whole and in making the necessary arrangements.

JAIL ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA.

An interesting Resolution on the Jail Administration in India during the past year appears in the "Gazette," in which the Government of India, while congratulating the local authorities on the effect of a more favourable season in restoring normal conditions in the jail population, lay stress upon attention to sanitation, maintenance of uniformity in strict discipline and development, of the "mark" system, and provision of separate night accommodation, as still needing special attention.

ARMY TRANSPORT.

IMPORTANT REORGANISATION.

An elaborate and exceedingly important scheme has been sanctioned by the Government of India for the reorganisation of the transport maintained in India to be available for use with the field army on mobilisation. It provides for the organisation of the present strength of nearly thirteen thousand mules into twenty-four units, known as corps and cadres, five being for the cavalry, and nineteen for pack-work. Each of these units is to be under a British Warrant Officer and have a permanent establishment of British non-commissioned officers and native jemadars and drivers; the organisation being such that each unit will be capable of expansion by the purchase of additional animals in time of war, such animals and their attendants being drafted into the skeleton unit, so that traffic will be rapid and effective. To each Pack Mule Corps a fixed complement of Army Transport carts is attached, with draught-gear and surplus drivers, to be utilised either with mules in the field or with bullocks on the lines of communication as circumstances of a campaign may dictate. Two Camel Corps, each of 648 camels, also are to be similarly organised, each under a Commissioned Officer with honorary rank, and with a regular staff of jemadars and drivers. The Camel Corps will both be located in the Punjab Commands; while the Mule Corps' headquarters will be for the Punjab at Peshawar, Rawalpindi, Mian Mir, and Umballa; for the Bengal Command at Lucknow, Bareilly, and Meerut; for the Madras Command at Bangalore; and for the Bombay Command at Poona, Mhow and Quetta. Allotments to the regiments of transport in peace time will rest with the General Officers Commanding the Districts; but every corps, whether detailed for mobilisation or not will be supplied with such transport as may be necessary for efficient training. For the present transport will be attached to regiments for the winter months, while during the summer it will be maintained in the Corps' charge for purposes of organisation and economic employment on other duties. Departmental officers with honorary rank, warrant officers and non-commissioned officers, employed with the Mule Corps and Cadres and the Camel Corps will be drawn from the present complement of the Transport Department, vacancies caused by the transfer of those not already employed on transport duty being filled by fresh non-commissioned officers from regiments, of whom 37 will be required, each to be for the first six months on probation, receiving staff pay of Rs. 30 monthly. Warrant officers in charge of corps or cadres will receive Rs. 20 monthly as command allowance. The four noncommissioned officers required for the charge of subdivisions of the Government Camel Transport will receive, while the native cavalry regiments, and will [illegible] thirty each.

GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH DEPATMENT.

REVIEW OF LAST YEAR'S REPORT.

SIMLA, OCT. 6.

The Government of India's review of operations of the Telegraph Department during last year appears in the "Gazette" and is a record of sustained advance and successful administration. Traffic was somewhat lighter than in the previous year, which was altogether an abnormal one, but was larger than any before that; the total number of messages transmitted being over four-and-half millions, while the average speed on the principal lines was 23 minutes, against 26 minutes in the previous year. The resolution ends with an appreciative reference to the valuable services rendered by Mr. Reynolds, and to the success with which the department has been working under Mr. Pitman.

PLAGUE PRECAUTIONS OUTSIDE INDIA.

Hongkong declares quarantine against all dogs imported without a certificate showing they are not from rabies-infected locality.

Bucharest declares the port of Constantza closed against arrivals from plague-infected ports.

Russia declares the port of Nikoz, Manchuria, as dangerous on account of the plague and forbids importation of rags from plague-affected countries.

RULES FOR INLAND PATTERN POST.

The limit of weight from 1st November transmissible by Inland Pattern Post is raised to 80 tolas, and the dimensions to one foot by two feet by one foot.

IMPORTATIONS OF SUGAR FROM RUSSIA

Reduced rates of duty on sugar imported from Russia are notified.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Second-Lieut. Maunsell, 6th Bombay Cavalry, and Lieut. Wardell, 3rd Bombay Infantry, are admitted to the Staff Corps.

Messrs. C. G. Danby and W. E. Shipp are gazetted Second-Lieuts., 2nd Bombay-Baroda Railway Volunteers.

Colonel A. L. McNair is admitted to Colonel's Allowance.

Colonels Broadbent, Garwood, Sprat-Bowring, and Lloyd are "gazetted" Chief Engineers of the four Commands:—The Punjab, Madras, Bengal and Bombay.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The retirement of Commander Hooper is gazetted with effect from the 16th ultimo.

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Majors L. M. Hall and J. B. Woon are gazetted Lieutenant-Colonels, dated 1st instant.

Lieut. A. Roberts is gazetted Captain, dated 3rd instant; while Second-Lieutenants W. F. Adair and H. M. Buller are gazetted Lieutenants, dated 3rd July and 4th September, respectively.

Colonel G. H. Elliot retires with effect from the 30th ultimo.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Captain Dugat, Assistant to the Resident, Baroda State, has obtained three months' leave from the 5th instant.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

New rules for the transmission by post of Human and other remains for chemical analysis are notified.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. H. H. Carnduff has six months' furlough from the 4th proximo.

MILITARY NEWS.

Captain Davie becomes Adjutant, 2nd Royal Scots, Poona, vice Duncan, whose tenure is expiring.

Hon. Captain Oppenheim, Chief Clerk, Bombay Command Office, becomes Quarter-Master, Deolali Depot.

Lieutenant-Colonel Johnson, Commanding the Royal Garrison Artillery, Rangoon, is transferred in the same capacity to Bombay, vice Colonel Stevens, retiring on the 6th proximo.

The Government of India has ruled that Army Signalling instructions are not to be continued in Heavy Batteries.

Captain C. G. Oldfield and Major C. H. Wilson, R.A., Ordnance Department, proceed Home next year for training in England.

THE UNPREPAREDNESS IN ENGLAND.

It will be a mortifying discovery to the British nation, though no discovery we should imagine to experts, to find that, after having doubled the amount it spends each year on its small army since 1870, its forces are no more ready to act on emergency than they were thirty years ago. Fortunately, as in the days of the Crimea, and engaged with an adversary who must bide our time and cannot take advantage of our unreadiness. The local reverses that we may suffer, and the damage to military reputation may be serious enough, but they cannot touch vital parts. Trade will go on without hindrance, property will be as secure as ever, prices will remain unaffected throughout the Empire. Nevertheless the nation will remember that there might be cases calling for instant action, and will probably ask itself where it would be in such an emergency. There are the two Divisions which the War Office has engaged itself to have ready for immediate despatch abroad? At any rate, they are not on the high seas, where they should have been before this. It would not be fair to begin attributing blame on the scant information that we yet possess. The Government has, no doubt kept military preparation in the background till the last moment possible for fear of aggravating the situation: and no one will be disposed to reproach it for that. But a month has now elapsed since the mask had to be dropped, and if that time has been sufficient to land troops from India on African soil, one cannot see why it should not have been sufficient to get off the troops from England. The military authorities have had months of warning: we were assured at the beginning of August that, like Marshal Bœuf, they had every thing ready to the last gaiter button. The Commander-in-Chief carried devotion to duty so far as to give up a yachting cruise for the sake of seeing that all was in order against the expected summons, and yet when the summon comes, we are no more prepared in 1899 than we were in 1882. The War Office, of course, cannot ship the troops if the Admiralty do not provide the ships: but it is difficult to believe the Transport Department of the Admiralty, with the unrivalled resources at its command cannot do what is done without bitch or flurry in India, with its single first class port. At any rate the Admiralty cannot be held responsible for the want of remounts and transport animals, which are now being sought over the face of the earth in such frantic haste.—*Pioneer.*

DEPARTURE OF THE R. I. M. S. CLIVE.

The Royal Indian Marine steamer Clive, Commander E. J. Beaumont, will sail to-day for Rangoon via Calicut, with the following passengers on board:—Captain F. E. Gunter, R. A. M. C., Assistant Surgeon, A. E. Hainlin, Mrs. White, sister and four children, and 2 men A. H. Corps. At Calicut she will embark 5 companies of the 2nd Battalion West Riding Regiment and details for conveyance to Rangoon, where she is expected to reach on the 17th instant.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Massilia, Captain C. Gadd, will sail to-day, for London and Brindisi, with the English Mails and the following passengers:—

FOR LONDON.

Adamson, Mr Thomas
Anderson, Capt. A. M
Arnold, Armourer Sergeant and child
Bard, Lieut. W T
Blaisley, Brig-Genl E
Cresser, Dr W
Carter, Capt H M
Cartwright, Capt C M
Ducat, Capt and Mrs D
Foss, Mrs E H, child and nurse
Farhat Ali, Mr
Ferguson, Mr David
Gray, Miss and 2 children
Gower, Capt Ch a Leveson
Hadwin, Mr H A
Hunt, Mrs K
Ismail Mahomed
Jenkins, Mr C B H Wolseley
Janes, Miss
Knight, Mr F and child
Knight, Mr M
Lamford, Rev and Mrs J
Lyh, Mrs and infant
Leveson, Mrs
Lampard, Mr N
Millar, Capt W H
Margheriaus, Mr D A
Nichol, Mr
O'Meara, Mrs
Pritchard, Mr
Peake, Mrs E J
Pogson, Miss E J
Robathan, Rev
Rovies, Miss and 2 children
Sanders, Mr F
Smith, Mr F Yorke
Slater, Lt Ir
Tooth, Civil Chief Armourer Mr J
Vaux, Mr P
Wood, Mr E
Westbrook, Mrs B G and Miss, child and infant
Walker, Mr Thornton
West, Mr W
Wickham, Mrs W
Yeoman, Mr F W K
Zurbrugen, Mr M

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

OCTOBER 6.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect. Via Shanghai, perfect.

AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadis Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon St. Vincent, perfect.

Telegrams for Nicaragua are subject to censure at San Juan del Sur and accepted at senders' risk.

Telegrams for Brest, Nertes (Visayas Islands) are subject to some restrictions as Philippine Islands, but are subject to censure of United States Government.

Telegrams for Manila (Philippines) on all telegrams [illegible] Manila.

[illegible] Government.

[illegible] Government.

[illegible] Government

COMMERCIAL RIVALRY IN WEST AFRICA.

THE FRENCH RAILWAY SCHEMES.

We have already drawn attention to the remarkable progress made in the building of the railways in British West Africa, upon which the Colonial Office is expending nearly £2,000,000. These railways, in cheapening the cost of the transport of jungle produce, should do much to enlarge the trade within the borders of our own protectorates, besides opening a valuable asset to England in the keen commercial struggle with the French which has been since the practical settlement of the territorial disputes by the signing of the Niger Convention. Our neighbours do not intend, if they can help it, to let British traders tap the markets of the rich Mahommedan States of the interior, and, in conjunction with the commercial policy recently adopted, they have planned out a series of railways in opposition to those being built by the British. The result will be, they hope, to "fossilize" Sierra Leone and the Gold Coast and to cripple Lagos. Before detailing the French railway routes we may briefly deal with the tariff system. It will be recollected that by the terms of the Niger Convention the French are bound, outside Senegal and Senegambia) to treat English and French goods on an equality; nor have we heard of any attempt to break this engagement. British goods are finding their way more freely to the Ivory Coast and Dahomey, but the English trader on the spot does not benefit; indeed, since the signing of the Convention, an important English firm has withdrawn from the Ivory Coast. The reason is to be found in the granting of exclusive trading rights in large areas to French firms, and the placing of heavy duties on all goods taken from French into British colonies by inland routes. This has been done on the Guinea Coast and in Dahomey. By such means the French are seeking to nullify the advantages granted to English imports by the recent agreement. As an example of the injury this does to British trade we may instance the heavy dues placed on the export of cattle from the Futa Jallon district (French Guinea) into Sierra Leone, a traffic which had gone on for many years being, cheapness and strangle. Serious and partly successful efforts have also been made to divert well-known caravan routes from the interior to the French port of Konakry, to the detriment of Freetown, Sierra Leone.

THE LINE TO THE BACK DOOR OF SIERRA LEONE.

This brings us to the consideration of the French railway lines. In competition with the English line from Freetown inland, the French have surveyed a route from Konakry to the Upper Niger at Kurussa. This survey was made last year by Captain Salesse, and the estimate for the line, which would be three hundred miles long, is four million francs. Now Kurussa lies just beyond the Sierra Leone frontier, and is on the direct route to Freetown. The avowed object of the French colonial party in advocating this line (the plans and estimates are now being considered by the Council of State) is to "head off" the traders—chiefly Mandingoes—and prevent them carrying their rubber, oil and other produce into Sierra Leone. It cannot be denied that the French have a very good chance of success. Their hinterland is, too, of practically unlimited extent, while Sierra Leone is not half the size of Wales. In short, while the English lines, authorized or contemplated, are largely defensive, the French railways are distinctly aggressive, and designed to snatch from us trade which should fall to our share.

WHERE THE BRITISH TRADER SHOULD HOLD HIS OWN.

In one district, however, the British trade should be able to hold his own—and that is in the Gold Coast hinterland. As we stated the other day, Mr. Shelford, the engineer for all the British West African railways, has made a flying survey of the country from Accra to Kumasi, and we now learn that though the extension of the railway thither has not been definitely agreed to, it is officially "contemplated." This is a step in advance of any French project for the adjoining colony of the Ivory Coast, though a line to the interior from Grand Bassam is advocated in many quarters. The French rely, however, a good deal on drawing off the trade to the Niger at Timbuktu, thence by boat to Segu (the limit of navigation on the Upper Niger for vessels of any size), from which town a railway to Kayes, on the Senegal, has been authorized. Be this as it may, we are glad to learn on excellent authority that the scanning in the Ashanti hinterland, which the war against Prempit nearly ruined for the time being, is now reviving, and under the fostering care of the new Administrator, Colonel Northcote, C.B., will doubtless increase to considerable proportions. The proximity of the great market town of Wagadugu (the capital of Mossi) is of good augury. Although this town is French, the southern trade route from it goes through British territory. At present, however, most of its traffic is with Morocco via the Sahara, a state of things which should not continue, considering that the route to Accra is not one-fifth the distance and is infinitely safer. It is true that Accra and Cape Coast Castle are merely open roadsteads, but the French ports on the Ivory Coast are not better. In short, as the sum of £36,000 has been authorized by Parliament to be spent on Sekondi harbour works at once, England should have the advantage in the matter of safe anchorage. We can, perhaps, do little in Sierra Leone beyond saving local trade. In the thickly populated Mahommedan lands beyond Ashanti, French (though they be, English merchants, as we have shown ought to do well.

THE STRUGGLE IN WEST NIGERIA.

Last, however, in the Niger basin that the great struggle for commercial supremacy is about to be fought. Notwithstanding the freedom of trade on the Niger, the attacks on British trade will not be made via the river. The Niger Company is still in possession, and will probably be able to account for all rivals for some time to come. Therefore a more promising field for French enterprise must be sought, and the French have found it in securing the command (as part of the Dahomey hinterland, [illegible] Mr. Ballot, the energetic Governor of Dahomey, is now in Paris urging the immediate construction of a railway from Kotonu (which is supplanting Porto Novo as the port of Dahomey) to Nikki. The proposed route has been carefully surveyed by Major Guyon; the engineering difficulties are not great, and the distance is only 250 miles. M. Ballot is determined to get the railway made, and has already levied a poll-tax of 1f. 25c. on the Dahomeyans in order to provide funds. His purpose is the construction of the line from Nikki to Bussehall, a town on the Niger a little above Ilo, and close to the British frontier, thereby capturing the trade of the middle Niger for France. His scheme is a bold and practicable one, though its complete fulfilment must be a matter of years. M. Ballot is the more anxious to see the construction of the line begun because of the rapid progress being made by the English line from Lagos to Yorubaland, as described in our former article. To tap the riches of Yorubaland is ample justification for the £750 000 which the Colonial Office is prepared to spend upon the Lagos railway, but were it continued to the Niger the value of any French line would be largely discounted. However, the question as to whether the railway shall be continued from Ibadan (the terminus of the authorized works) through Ilorin to the Niger near Jebba has not yet been answered.

RAIL OR RIVER?

Why, then, should not the scheme be completed? The answer is to be found in the unsatisfactory state of the port of Lagos. The bar will only admit light-draught steamers, and the expense, troubles, and delay of breaking bulk are so great as to render it uncertain whether Lagos, will ever become *the* port of Nigeria. The cost of removing the bar and making a good harbour is estimated by competent engineers at three quarters of a million, and Lagos can hardly stand that burden at present. The development of trade may warrant it, but before such a costly work is taken in hand, the Government will seek the opinions of the Liverpool and Manchester Chambers of Commerce and those of other traders. Some authorities prefer the plan of taking away the bar from the mouth of the river and so getting a free waterway nearly one hundred miles long into the heart of the country. In the course of time both these schemes will become accomplished facts, but whichever is first adopted will affect the execution of the other for several years, and [illegible] the trade. It might conceivably be done to do so (even if the French railway were completed) if steamers could get up the stream as far as Jebba at almost any time, as water carriage is much cheaper than by rail. On the whole, British merchants need have little fear of French competition on the Niger, but they must bestir themselves if they wish to get any of the trade of the great Bend.

THE PROSPECT IN EAST NIGERIA.

A word or two about the prospects of trade in the Lower Niger and on the coast may be added. In the country under his rule Sir Ralph Moor is dealing sternly with all tribes who place hindrances on trade and at his recommendation the Government are spending £40,000 on new wharfs, jetties, and such like works. For the rest the Niger Company's rule—the charter is still unrevoked—will be definitely over by the end of the year, and then all internal fiscal barriers will be swept away, a pooling arrangement with Lagos and the Niger Coast Protectorate (soon to be known officially as Southern Nigeria) taking its place. Every facility will be offered by the authorities to traders, and these may go on in full assurance that there will be as full encouragement as possible of the present arrangements in Nigeria. A peaceful development is what Mr. Chamberlain and the Colonial Office is well aware of the task it has to play in following in the steps of Sir George Goldie, and it contemplates no measures, no imposition of poll tax, only greater security of traders, the even administration of justice as far as lies in its power, the maintenance of the present religious liberties, and (a most important point) the exclusion of alcohol from the northern territories. The newcomer on the Niger, going above Lokoja, will have no use for trade with the French firms, it is reported are ready to leave, but as yet the French Government has not taken up the leases of the two spots on the river which the Convention offers them. So that on this point the British trader should be able to keep open himself. If it is of the heritage for the [illegible] ties of our new provinces are very great.—*Gazette.*

On Sept. 14, an explosion occurred in the Quick-firing Cartridge Works, Royal Laboratory, Woolwich [illegible] Richard Barrett, 35, machinist, of Benares-road, was dissecting a six-pounder quick-firing cartridge which, from some unknown cause, [illegible] was attached exploded, causing the [illegible] to be torn between the first and second [illegible] arm was very much shattered. The [illegible] was removed to the Royal Arsenal Infirmary, where the arm was amputated. One eye was [illegible] and it was reported that two fragments of shell had been extracted from the man's body. In the evening he was reported to be in a [illegible] condition.

[illegible] Weak?—Are you broken in your rest by suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and will produce natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. a bottle.

THE CAVALRY OF THE RUSSIAN ARMY.

It seems impossible to doubt, says the "Admiralty and Horse Guards Gazette," that in the event of a conflict between the forces of the Dual and Triple Alliances, a conflict which, in the opinion of many, is sooner or later inevitable, the cavalry of Russia would play a *rôle* of the first magnitude, by virtue not only of its numerical superiority over the combined cavalries of Germany and Austria-Hungary, to which it would be opposed, but also owing to the unique organization, training, and methods of action which differentiate it from the cavalry of any of the great neighbouring Powers, not less than from that of Russia's ally, France. To begin with, Russia is a country extremely rich in horses, the number of which has been estimated by Colonel Soukhotine at 20,000,000, of which at least one million are saddle-horses fit for the purposes of war, while the author of "La Cavalerie Russe," leading his calculations on official returns of 1,078 squadrons and 160,000 horses in the army, shows that the cavalry of European Russia would, on mobilisation, exceed the combined cavalries of Austria-Hungary and Germany by 25,000 men. The "Franco Militaire" also, which has devoted considerable attention to the subject, avers that it is not owing to the consciousness of this numerical advantage alone that the Russian cavalry feels itself to have a crushing superiority over all possible adversaries. It has boldly entered upon an entirely new path as regards organisation and military training, there being now left in that huge body of mounted troops, if we exclude the twelve regiments of the Guard, only two types of cavalryman—the dragoon and the Cossack. As regards the former, to whom it is more and more sought to assimilate the Cossack, the ideal steadily kept in view is to make him an equally good fighter, whether mounted or dismounted, in the shock-action of the charging horseman as in the fire-action of the combatant on foot.

This dual *rôle*, only reluctantly accepted by cavalry in other armies, is one for which the Russian is fitted by nature and by the traditions of his race; but the new organisation has, for all that, been seathingly attacked by German and Austrian—especially by German—military writers, whose contention is, that a tool intended for two quite different purposes is good for neither, and that, for cavalry, fighting on foot can never be other than exceptional and abnormal. To arguments of this kind the Russians reply that their cavalry, as cavalry, is fully equal to that of any other Power, whilst at the same time, owing to its peculiar organisation and training, it is equal, when fighting on foot, to the performance of special tasks with which German or other cavalry would be unable to grapple. It is asserted that this advantage, joined to their numerical superiority, would enable the Russian cavalry to score important successes against any hostile cavalry, at all events in the early stages of operations following mobilisation. It is generally admitted, according to the authorities whom we have cited above, that Russia could put in the field 155,000 cavalry to the 112,000 of Germany and Austria-Hungary combined. On the other hand, the Germans claim that their cavalry is capable of effective action, even against regular infantry armed with the perfected weapons of the present day, and *a fortiori*, against cavalry fighting on foot and hampered by the care of its horses. German military criticism further asserts that the introduction of Cossack regiments into the divisions of the regular Russian cavalry—one regiment of Cossacks to each division of cavalry—has acted prejudicially upon the manœuvring power of the latter, especially in view of the difference of pace which exists between dragoon horses and Cossack horses, and moreover that the Russian troop horse, carrying as he does a weight of 75 kilos, is overloaded, and that the Cossacks, who have to find their own horses, are only mounted on animals which have been rejected for service in the cavalry of the line. . . .

It is known that Russia, in the event of war, relies greatly on the moral and material effect to be produced by cavalry raids carried out on a scale of unprecedented magnitude, penetrating deeply into the enemy's territory, dominating it far and wide, and holding or threatening his waterways and railways, and thus effectually paralysing his means of obtaining supplies or of effecting a junction of his forces. With such purposes in view it is easy to understand why the cavalry of Russia is maintained in numbers which dwarf by comparison the mounted forces of her neighbours, and why its composition and organisation have proceeded on peculiar lines, which, however, suited to the traditions and material bent of the Russian, and more especially of the [Cossack, have not been followed, perhaps could not have been followed, by any other nation in the organisation and training of its cavalry.

ANTARCTIC EXPLORATIONS.

At the meeting of the British Association on September 14, Sir John Murray referred to the question of Antarctic Explorations. He said:—

The great event of the year, from a geographical point of view, is the progress that has been made towards the realisation of a scheme for the thorough scientific exploration in the near future of the whole South Polar region. The British and German Governments have voted or guaranteed large sums of money to assist in promoting this object, and princely donations have likewise been received from private individuals, in this connection the action of Mr. W. Longstaff in making a gift of £25,000 and of Mr. A. C. Harmsworth in promising £5,000, being beyond all praise. There is an earnest desire among the scientific men of Britain and Germany that there should be some sort of co-operation with regard to the scientific work of the two expeditions, and that these should both sail in 1901 so that the invaluable gain attaching to simultaneous observations may be secured. Beyond this nothing has as yet been definitely settled. There is now a sum of at most £90,000 in hand, or in view. If one ship should be specially built for penetrating the ice region, and be sent south with one naturalist on board, then such an expedition may, it will be results. But it must be distinctly understood that this is not the kind of exploration scientific men have been urging on the British public for the past fifteen or twenty years. We must, if possible, have two ships, with landing parties for stations on shore, and with a recognised scientific leader and staff on board of each ship. Although we cannot have the Royal Navy, these ships can be most efficiently officered and manned from the Mercantile Marine. With only one ship many of the proposed observations would have to be cut out of the programme. In anticipation of this being the case, there are at the present moment irreconcilable differences of opinion among those most interested in these explorations as to which science must be sacrificed. The difficulties which at present surround this undertaking are fundamentally those of money.

DIVINE SERVICE.

NINETEENTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY, OCTOBER 8.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion (Choral)—Dykes in F.
Hymns—33, 319 and 170.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon—Hymns 332, 242 and 477.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis.—Garrett in F.
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m. and Evensong at 4-15 p.m.
Daily Holy Communion at 7-15 a.m.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.
(Afghan Memorial Church.)

7 a.m.—Choral, Matins and Sermon. (Parade Service)—Hymns 3, 372 and 213.
8 a.m. Missa Cantata (Merbecke)—Hymns 187, 318 and 324.
6 p.m.—Choral, Evensong and Sermon—Hymns 16, 535 and 578.

WESLEYAN CHURCH.
(Colaba Causeway.)

8 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Rev. A. C. Clayton.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
8 p.m.—Social Hour.

Byculla, (Victoria Gardens.)

9-30 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Rev. G. C. Walker.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, FORT.
(Church of Scotland.)

11 a.m.—Joint Service.
Paraphrase 2 for 78. Hymns 1, 282 1st time and 181.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.
Psalms 89 15-18 and 114. Hymns 189, 52, 291 and 112.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.
(Waudby Road, Esplanade.)

The Pastor the Rev. R. M. Gray, M.A.
Hymns Nos. 181, 255 and 218. Psalm XXIII, Tune 131.
Sermon on the observance of Sunday.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE.
(Near School of Art.)

Incumbent.—Rev. C. Gilder.
8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion—Hymns 151, 207 and 314.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by the Rev. T. Davis.—Hymns 265, 187 and 198.
The offertories for church expenses and poor relief.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

7 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon by Rev. W. A. Roberts.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Rev. W. A. Roberts.

ST. NICHOLAS (SEAMEN'S) CHURCH.
Prince's Dock.

10 a.m.—Matins.
5-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

8 a.m.—Holy Communion—Hymns 321, 318 and 324.
11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon—Hymns 72 and 243.
4-45 p.m.—Children's Service.—Hymns 331 and 3[illegible].
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon—Hymns 265, 310 and 561.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7 a.m.—Holy Eucharist, Choral and Sermon. Preacher, Rev. J. W. Kemble.
10 a.m.—Matins.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon. Preacher, Rev. F. Tovey.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, PAREL.
(Madras time.)

8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Eucharist.
8-30 a.m.—Matins—Hymns 1 and 194.
5-30 p.m.—Children's Service.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 242, 320, 169 and 21.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

On Sept. 12 it was announced that "a courier has" reached Tripoli with news that the French Foureau-Lamy expedition has been attacked at the oasis of Air by an immense body of Tuaregs, who, after themselves suffering great loss, utterly destroyed the mission by sheer force of numbers. The mission, which had for its object the opening of communications between Algeria and Lake Chad, reached the oasis of Air, 250 miles north of the lake, about the end of May, and as news generally requires about two months to travel from Air to Tripoli, it is thought probable that the disaster to the mission occurred about the beginning of July". The following despatch has, however, been received at Paris from Tripoli (Africa):—"Information derived from a good source indicates that the report of the annihilation of the Foureau-Lamy mission was incorrect. The mission it is stated, arrived at Lake Chad several weeks ago."

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE Dredger William Price, Captain W W Morrison, will sail to-day, for Karachi.

THE ss Florida, 1,049 tons, Captain W Chapman, will sail to-day, for Calcutta, in ballast.

THE Florio Rubattino S N Co's s s Barmida, 1,429 tons, Captain G Delaya, will sail to-day, for Hongkong, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr A M Moschakis, Mr H M Moschakis, Mr Allibhoy, and 32 deck.

THE B I S N Co's s s Kilwa, 973 tons, Captain W L Nielsen, arrived in harbour on Thursday evening from the Persian Gulf, via Karachi, with a general cargo, 95 cases opium, 149 horses, Mr Ilied, Mr Wood, and 9 natives as cabin, and 33 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's s s Khandalla, 1,318 tons, Captain W T Stewart, will sail to-day, for Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Mrs Skinner and noice, Mr Rustomjee Pestonjee Billimoria, Mr J R Dissawalla and 12 deck.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—OCT. 6.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capt. Destination.	Date.	Agents
H M S Marathon		Field		Royal Navy
H M S Pigeon		Mowbray		Royal Navy
Investigator		Heming ...Wet Basin		R I Marine
Nancowry		Taylor		R I Marine
Mirzapore	2167	Coates		H C Jeewuth
Florida	20 0	Chapman		T Mootoolief
Shannon	2189	Wilmer		P & O Co
Kangaroo	1478	Dodge		M M & Co
Poluoe	1236	Solch		A I. S N Co
Khandalla	1318	Stewart		M M & Co
Nizam	2041	Elliott....Calcutta		T M & Co
White Cross	1944	Taylor		K N & Co
Hermod	839	Nielson		Bombay Co
Bombay	2019	Fraser		Bombay Co
Clive		Beamont		R I M S
Murex	2128	Halliday		W & A G & Co
Kilwa	993	Nielsen		M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—OCTOBER 6.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agents.
B	Tokio	2481	Jones	Kurrachee	10-10	F Moir & Co
M Bq	Grosvenor	517	Brebner	Mauritius	11 10	T S Sidik
N	Patiala	1929	Phillips	Durban	8-10	Transport
F	Virawa	2128		Durban	8-10	Transport

HARBOUR WALL.

Bahaduri		829	Ahmed	Karachi		7-10 Shprd & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agents.
1	Bengal	2733	Barchham	China	10-10	P & O S N Co
2	Italia	2109	Thomas	Marseilles	7-10	W & A G Co
3	Bormida	1499	Delaya	China	7-10	F Baldulno
4	Singapore	2131	Pizaresta	Genoa	11-10	F Baldulno
5	Massilia	2593	Gadd	London	7-10	P & O S N Co
7	Rothenfels	1864	Ziegenmeyer	Hamburg	9-10	Glade & Co
12	Clan Macleod	1583	Walker			F M & Co
14	Dumra	792	Russell	Karachi	7-10	M M & Co
16	Clydesdale	2276	Sharpe	Antwerp	7-10	M M & Co

*Probable date of departure.

Time Ball drops at Prince's Dock at Noon, or Greenwich meantime, 7h. 8m. 44·7s.

The Time Ball over the Clock Tower at the Bombay Castle continues to be dropped regularly at 1 p.m. of Colaba meantime, or 8h. 8m. 44·7s of Greenwich meantime.

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
6	Glaxinia s	Petrie	Calcutta.
	Hyculla s	Macdiarmed	Moulmein.
	Colobaria s	Sheldrick	Calcutta.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—

Steamer Bormida, Delaya, for Hongkong.
" Khandalla, Stewart, for Calcutta.
" Florida, Chapman, for Calcutta.
Dredger Wm Price, Morrison, for Karachi,

The steamer Kilwa, entered for loading yesterday for Persian Gulf.

DAILY EXPORTS.—OCTOBER 6.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Dalmatia s—20 bales wool Bhawan Harchani; 4 bales wool T Chimandas,

FOR LONDON.

Clydesdale s—9 cases indigo B Josamal; 44 bales skins and hides Rustomji Muncherji Kooka; 13 cwt kismiss roots Aldridge Salmon and Co,

FOR HAMBURG.

Rothenfels s—250 cwt cotton Rallis Pramjee; 6000 cwt homemeal Croft Mody and Co; 4000 cwt rapeseed Volkart Brothers; 55 bales cotton Ralli Brothers; 95 cwt gum Kiddle Reeve and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Dalmatia s—142 cwt castorseed, Ralli Brothers; 53 cwt patch leaves, Fischer and Co.

FOR BREMEN.

Rothenfels s—101 cwt gum Mohomed Jaffer Jcomabhoy.

FOR GENOA.

Singapore s—5,021 cwt linseed, 3,013 cwt rapeseed Ralli Brothers; 2,010 cwt linseed John Fachiri; 120 cwt gum Jetha Premjee.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bormida s—32 cwt shark fins Rahimtools Dhunjee and Co; 75 cwt khasmiss A C Esmailjee,

Bengal s—66 cases opium P and O S N Co; 55 chests opium E D Sassoon and Co; 10 chests opium Sassoon J David and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Bengal s—150 bales twist G Macdonald and Co; 8 bales twist Silas E Sassoon; 67 bales twist Tabali and Co; 7 bales twist Sassoon J David and Co; 35 bales piece-goods E D Sassoon and Co; 40 bales twist 60 bales piece-goods J A Begbie and Co.

HIGH COURT.—OCTOBER 7.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. TYABJEE.)

For Consent Decree.

446-99—Sorabjee and J—Bai Perojbai and others vs Bai Cooverbai—Janardhan and A.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

37-99—Khundoo and S—Sadasant Shriorushnajee vs Muni-
376-99—Sorabjee and J—Pheroz Ruttonjee Watcha vs Framroz Jamshed Aga—Daphtary and F.
315-99—Craigie L and O—The Commercial Bank of India Ld vs Gordandas Ruttonsey and others—Tyabjee D and Co.

To confirm the Special Commissioners Report and for further Directions.

178-94—Bhaishunker and K—Jakisondas Gungadas vs Tapibai widow—Kigedow G and W, Ward and G.

For further directions and costs on Commissioners Report.

454-95—Little and Co—Beg Mahomed Hajee Rahimoo vs Hajee Ibrahim Mohomed and another—Daphtary and F and Captain and V.

HOME REMITTANCES.

THE following is the weekly memorandum of remittances to the Home Treasury by means of Council Bills of the 3rd October, 1899:—

	£
1 Amount to be remitted during 1899-1900	17,000,000
2 Remitted from 1st April, 1899, to 30th Sept., 1899	8,144,900
3 Balance to be remitted from 1st Oct., 1899, to 31st March, 1900	8,855,100

THE BEST REFRESHER IN INDIA.

TENNENT'S

J. & R. TENNENT'S Wishaw Brewery Glasgow TRADE MARK J. & R. Tennent PILSENER BEER BREWED IN SCOTLAND

Per Case of 4 doz. Quarts - Rs. 22.0 -

Per Case of 8 doz. Pints - Rs. 31.0 -

LIBERAL DISCOUNT to PURCHASERS of FIVE CASES and UPWARDS.

PILSENER BEER

CALCUTTA:—Turner, Morrison & Co. MADRAS:—Spencer & Co.
BOMBAY:—Aldridge, Salmon & Co., Ltd. RANGOON:—A. Scott & Co.
KARACHI:—Lalaani & Co.

S., & H. HARRIS.

HARRIS'S HARNESS COMPOSITION

HARRIS'S BRITISH Polishing Paste

WATERPROOF.

Sold by all Saddlers and Storekeepers.

MANUFACTORY - - - LONDON, E.

SAINT-RAPHAËL

TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE

Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of ***Anæmia, Debility*** *and* ***Convalescence,*** *to* ***young women, children*** *and the* ***aged.*** *Invaluable in hot climates.*

DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN DE SAINT-RAPHAËL *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*

(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS *is a* MELISSA *and* MINT *cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation.*

To be taken on a lump of sugar.

NICER & Co., Sole Agents for *Madras*. — PHILLIPS & Co., Agents in *Bombay*.
PREPARED BY: CLEMENT & Co., *Valence* (Drôme, France).

BABES

THE BEST DILUENT & DIGESTIVE OF COWS MILK IS BARLEY WATER

Made From

ROBINSON'S PATENT BARLEY

Ideal Milk

Superior in quality to every other brand of Unsweetened Milk.

Enriched 20 per cent. with Cream.

STERILIZED—NOT SWEETENED.

A Perfect Substitute for Fresh Milk.

MUNYON'S HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES.

If I were asked what feature of my business had contributed most to my success I would unhesitatingly say, "Telling the truth."—MUNYON.

AN EVANGELIST OF MYSORE SOUNDS THEIR PRAISE.

Mr. Ben. A. Arogyam, Evangelist, London Mission, Hoskote, *via* Whitefield, South India, writes: "It is nearly eight months since a box of your Asthma Cure was sent to me at my request. I tried it in my own case and found it to be the very best medicine I have ever tried. Kindly excuse me for not writing to you before this, and thanking you for the benefit I received. I am sending forward several remedies far and wide. Being an Evangelist, I have many opportunities of seeing sick people, and find that they gladly accept your medicines when they see that one of their own country has found relief from Munyon's Remedies. I am a living advertisement for your remedies, as I have the greatest faith in them, and tell the same to all others."

Every Day Adds New Names to the Long List of People who have been Restored to Health.

☞ Send for MUNYON'S "Guide to Health."

47 Remedies for 47 Ailments.

Bombay:—BEYNON & Co., THOMSON & TAYLOR, KEMP & Co., and F. B. MURZBAN & Co.; Jumma Musjid:—DARA BROS.; Crawford Market:—D. C. OOMRIGAR & Co.; Byculla:—N. POWELL & Co.; Poona:—BEYNON & Co.; Igatpura, Lonauli, Mhow Bhusawal and Nagpur:—The CO-OPERATIVE STORES; Nagpur J. J. VELLOZ; Hyderabad (Deccan):—LESLIE GAY & Co.; and all respectable Chemists.

Wholesale:—MUNYON'S INDIAN AGENCY, 23, Apollo Street, Bombay.

"CAUTION.—The name of "PHOSPHODYNE" is protected under the Trade Marks Protection Act for the whole of India, and proceedings will be taken against the vendors of any colorable or other imitation thereof."

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84, open to all Countries.

REGISTERED DR. LALOR'S TRADE MARK.

PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Its energising effects are shown from the first day of its administration by a Reasonable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations! None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon, by order of her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. AND 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, HAMPSTEAD LONDON. ENGLAND.

BRICKMAKING MACHINERY

To suit all classes of CLAY, SHALE, FIRECLAY, &c.

COMPLETE PLANTS A SPECIALTY.

C. WHITTAKER & CO., LIMITED,

ACCRINGTON, ENGLAND.

Telegraphic Address—"BRICKS," ACCRINGTON. Codes—"ABC" and "ENGINEERING."

For Health and Beauty of the SKIN.

Lanoline" Toilet Soap

"LANOLINE" Toilet Preparations "LANOLINE"

Darling Brand

Toilet "Lanoline" for Delicate and Sensitive Skins.

from all Chemists.

Wholesale Depôt:—67, HOLBORN VIADUCT, LONDON.

FOR DIABETES. FOR KIDNEY COMPLAINTS.

"G.B." DIABETES WHISKY.

FOR RHEUMATISM. FOR GOUT.

Sold by all leading Merchants in India.

HIGHEST MEDICAL ANALYSES AND TESTIMONIALS.

Post Free of the Sole Proprietors,

GEORGE BACK & Co., DEVONSHIRE SQUARE, LONDON.

LEA & PERRINS'

OBSERVE THAT THE SIGNATURE

Lea & Perrins

IS NOW PRINTED IN BLUE INK DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE OUTSIDE WRAPPER of every Bottle of the

ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Sold Wholesale by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, Ltd., London; and Export Oilmen generally.

RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S

CHLORODYNE.

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE (late Army Medical Staff) DISCOVERED a REMEDY to denote which he coined the word CHLORODYNE. Dr. Browne is the SOLE INVENTOR, and as the composition of Chlorodyne cannot possibly be discovered by Analysis (organic substances defying elimination), and since the formula has never been published, it is evident that any statement to the effect that a compound is identical with Dr. Browne's Chlorodyne *must be false.*

This caution is necessary, as many persons deceive purchasers by false representations.

GENERAL BOARD of HEALTH, London, REPORT that it ACTS as a CHARM, one dose generally sufficient.

DR. GIBBON, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states "TWO DOSES COMPLETELY CURED ME OF DIARRHŒA."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep, WITHOUT HEADACHE, and invigorates the nervous system when exhausted.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in Court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendan Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to.—See *The Times*, July 13, 1864.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in NEURALGIA, GOUT, CANCER, TOOTHACHE, RHEUMATISM.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE rapidly cut short all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLIC, PALPITATION, HYSTERIA.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The IMMENSE SALE of this REMEDY has given rise to many UNSCRUP

FACTS AND FANCIES.

Bridge is rapidly becoming a favourite game among women. A ladies' club in London has started a bridge-room, which is proving a great success.

It is stated that an English firm has just completed a carpet which has cost in manufacture more than £4000. It is intended for some fortunate person's drawing room, and has been entirely handwoven by women. Eighteen women, closely sitting at the loom, took five months to make this splendid carpet.

A statistician has recorded the painful fact that there are 71 unmarriageable princesses of the royal blood in Europe, and only 47 princes of an age to enter into the bonds of matrimony. The conclusion is that there are 24 princesses who must either contract morganatic marriages or become St Catherines.

There are more women than men among the gamblers at Ostend, and some of the women make extraordinary displays of jewellery. So says "Claudius Clear." The gambling, he says, is not carried on with quite the same ceremonies as in Monte Carlo, and it is said that the managers prefer that players should quietly lose £50 or so and then go away.

People are varying the monotony of afternoon teas by having French, Norwegian, Italian, and Spanish teas. The teas, of course, is the same; but the cakes and bread and bonbons are from the country they represent, and the national colours are used in the floral decoration and the tea-set is of the national China. Sometimes the maid appears in costume.

Women journalists must avoid Japan. The new Press laws for the Empire of the Mikado prohibit women from becoming publishers or editors, as the "employment of such work by females is neither becoming or desirable." The framers of the law are certainly looking very far ahead, for as yet Japanese women have given no sign of emulating their Western sisters in newspaper work.

When a thunderstorm broke over London one day last week a curious scene was witnessed in a large business house in the City, where nearly three hundred girls are employed. The moment the first flash of lightning was seen almost the whole of the young ladies, as if moved by machinery, raised their hands to their heads, and for a minute or two were busily employed removing curling pins from their hair.

Several cases of the restoration of grey hair to its original colour without the use of a dye are said to have been authenticated. A writer in a medical journal suggests the following explanation of the phenomenon:—Pigment is formed in the deep layer of the epidermis all through life, but in old age it fails to be conveyed to the hair; if, however, the capability of transfer is restored, the hair regains its original colour.

"John Chinaman," as is well known, makes an expert laundry worker, or "washerman," and this fact has suggested to the honorary social secretary of the Church Army that the boys in the Church Army Youths' Labour Home, Walmer Road, Notting Hill, might be trained to plain laundry work, and eventually undertake the washing of all the sixty-six Labour Homes and other institutions of the Church Army in operation in the Metropolis. So far as the experiment has gone it has been distinctly encouraging.

Miss Elizabeth Banks tells us in the "Nineteenth Century" of the bitter prejudice of the American white man against the black man. The man or woman in whom there can be traced even the smallest drop of African blood is completely shut out from society. In order to find out whether a girl, apparently white, but confessing to a slight tinge of negro blood, could be received on the same terms as white students in the American colleges, Miss Banks wrote to about thirty colleges. No door of equality was open to her in American.

A young French woman whose home was the joy and envy of her friends was asked one day by one of them if she would out of pity arrange the petitioner's home, for in spite of many pretty and costly things it had "that untidy look." The success she made in the rearranging of her friend's home was so great that the question was suggested, "Why not make some pin money by putting homes in order?" So she advertised to do dusting and artistic arranging "by the hour." Her first customers were so well pleased that they recommended her to do their friend's, and now she has more than she can do.

One does not need to visit for any great length of time to learn that hospitality is sadly on the decline. There are, to be sure, homes where it holds sway in the good old-fashioned way, and these are not all homes where riches abound either. There is one home that the writer knows of where the strictest economy is, from necessity, practised, and yet one never goes there but one feels that the welcome is so cordial and that the plain little dainty luncheon is the best that could be served anywhere. The delightful air of hospitality that pervades it all makes one forget to notice that the drawing-room chair-covers are sadly worn, and that the draperies in the dining-room are much faded. The mother and daughters of that household do not hesitate to use the most fashionable cutlery if she looks tired, to rest and have a cup of tea. They take it for granted that if any one thinks enough of them to visit them they expect to be made cordially welcome to the best their home affords.

The autumn fashions in millinery are thus described in "Madame":—"Paradise plumes, both in black and in their beautiful natural colourings, will be very much used by the best French milliners during the early autumn, and many dainty toques have already made their appearance in Paris crowned by these soft, sweeping feathers. A smart hat of drawn black tulle, which is turned off the face in front and which curves up also on the left side, has the crown completely hidden under the bird of paradise plumage, shading from deepest brown to palest golden yellow. The feathers roll upon a soft drapery of white tulle, and under the brim on one side some shaded hydrangea blossoms are placed. Big butterflies in biscuit-coloured gauze form another favourite trimming at the moment in Paris, and one large butterfly of this kind, with wings outspread, will often form the sole trimming of a toque, or even a Directoire hat. A large hat of gathered white chiffon, lifted off the face in front, looks well trimmed in this way, with a huge butterfly in biscuit-coloured gauze, the wings edged and tinted in the most life-like fashion possible."

The new little coatee is certainly worthy of remark, for not only is it smart, but one of the most useful little garments imaginable. Almost invariably the fronts dip into deep points over the waist, and often as many as three or five lapels appear above the trio of costly buttons. Occasionally these lapels are not the same number either in number or shape, but this is an eccentricity that savours too much of that terrible "reaching after effect" for the sake of novelty only, considering not at all the artistic necessities of the case. When the lapels are tripled they are usually of contrasting colours. A pretty notion was that of a Frenchwoman, who had them of red, white, and blue, the two first showing but half-an-inch beyond the other. These were on a coat of black silk. White satin edged dark colours; scarlet between Navy blue, yellow under brown; all are dainty and effective. Plaid lapels look particularly well when seen against a contrasting or harmonising colour in silk or satin.

The deep basques to the bodice which seem likely to come in again in the autumn, give a pleasing finish to a gown that is to be worn out-of-doors without a wrap of any kind. They are, in fact, the ideal go-between, that is a necessity for the first chilly days, whilst it is still too warm to put a coat above the dress. They bid fair to be of considerable proportions too: not of that circular flaring or tabbed variety, which were so much used a season or so ago, but dropping half way down the skirt in absolute severity, save that the edges are ornamented with braiding or trimming to match the general scheme of the dress. It is a very happy style for the matron to favour, when it is well carried out in smooth cloth. The Princess robe has taken a thorough hold upon our affections, and apparently means not to relinquish its position for some time to come. It most frequently will be buttoned or hooked invisibly down the centre of the front, the waist-line being defined by a slanting ribbon. Often the bodice part is allowed to be slightly full across the chest, the fabric being gathered up into small folds on the left side and secured under a buckle. The costly buttons of which I have spoken before, will adorn many of these robes down the opening, but will merely be sewn on to the upper side, and take no sort of activity in performing the work that was originally intended for them. The cuffs of the sleeves of all cloth gowns will be cut slightly bell-shape over the hand, lined with a delicately coloured silk and further beautified by a full ruching of lace—that is always provided that the dress in question is not of "steel grey," in this case, of course anything so frivolous as lace would be utterly out of place. One of the most novel ways for fastening a gown down the skirt, be it side or front, is to have tiny buttons on either edge, these being joined by a ribbon or cord of contrasting colour. Such buttons cannot be reproached with being dronish, and, therefore, must be very securely sewn on, as they will probably be not only somewhat expensive, but extremely difficult to match.

One rather quaint development of the basque was seen on a smart woman last week. The gown was of bright blue cloth, the skirt having the deep flounce at the base, headed by right rows of narrow black velvet ribbon. This encircled the bodice in sets of three, meeting at the centre of the front, which was decorated with a "plisse" box-pleat sort of arrangement of the cloth. The basque, which was joined to the bodice, was short and close-fitting, but its edge was made softly undulate by the addition of "plisse" frillings. It was altogether rather uncommon but not altogether lovely "fallacies" just for the hips is usually a thing to avoid.

One really lovely gown was of grey "voile"—cinder-grey it may be termed, to distinguish it from the pale, mousseline greys that have been so much seen lately—the skirt showing fairly open lace in "ecru" tint. The bodice was made like, and the long lines [illegible] particularly graceful, this [illegible] by the great width of the skirt at [illegible] for some inches it was nothing but [illegible] each overlapping the other almost [illegible] contrast to the general notion that [illegible] made "en suite" in the matter [illegible] were simply and very slightly [illegible]

NOTICES.

ESTABLISHED 1827.

SHACKLETON'S HAMS ARE THE BEST.

To be obtained through ALL LEADING IMPORTERS AND DEALERS, OR FROM SHACKLETON & CO., 23 Great St. Helen's, LONDON.

HAIR WEALTH

Wealth of hair is wealth indeed, especially to a woman.

Every other physical attraction is secondary to it.

If your hair is too thin or losing its luster, get—

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Growth becomes vigorous and all dandruff is removed.

It always restores color to gray or faded hair. Retain your youth; don't look old before your time.

Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and clears the complexion.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

Wholesale Agents:—KEMP & Co. Ld., Bombay

"A PERFECT Food for Infants."—MRS. ADA S. BALLIN, *Editress of "Baby."*

Over 70 Years' Established Reputation.

Neave's Food

BEST and CHEAPEST For INFANTS and INVALIDS, CHILDREN and The AGED.

"Very carefully prepared and highly nutritious."—LANCET.

"Equally suitable to Invalids and Old People."—MEDICAL MAGAZINE.

NEAVE'S FOOD has for some time been used in

THE RUSSIAN IMPERIAL FAMILY.

"Admirably adapted to the wants of Infants and Young Persons."
SIR CHARLES A. CAMERON, M.D., *Ex-President of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland.*

"Contains all the elements of Food in an easily digested form."
GORDON STABLES, M.D., R.N.

A MOST NUTRITIOUS FOOD FOR NURSING MOTHERS.

Chest Colds

And Bronchitis are simple things when they start. That is the time to stop them. Then it is easy. But neglect is dangerous. Any physician will tell you so.

The way to cure Bronchitis and Chest Colds is to apply .. ..

LITTLE'S Oriental Balm

Rub it well into the chest and back. Instantly penetrates immediately to the inflamed parts. It stops the pain and drives out the inflammation. The cough, the hoarseness, the tightness across the chest go away. Shivering, feverish flushes and difficult breathing all cease. Expectoration of mucous matter is stopped.

It cures every case where a cure is possible. It often cures when nothing else will. Can anybody afford to be without it in the house all the time?

Sold at 1 R. per Bottle.

Of all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the civilized world.

Agents for Bombay—KEMP & Co., Ld.

FREEMAN'S ORIGINAL CHLORODYNE.

None genuine without the "Elephant" Trade Mark.

Held in highest estimation for more than half a century.

CURES DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA, NEURALGIA, GOUT, COLIC, RHEUMATISM, HYSTERIA.

THE "COVENTRY WATCH."

STERLING SILVER. STERLING SILVER. STERLING SILVER.

SPECIAL OFFER OF

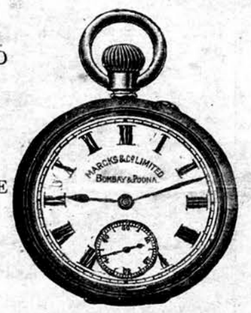
18-CARAT GOLD. 18-CARAT GOLD. 18-CARAT GOLD.

ENGLISH-MADE WATCHES

ENGLISH-MADE. ENGLISH-MADE. ENGLISH-MADE.

AT HITHERTO IMPOSSIBLE PRICES.

HIGH GRADE ENGLISH-MADE WATCHES AT PRICES



ENGLISH-MADE. ENGLISH-MADE. ENGLISH-MADE.

BEYOND COMPETITION.

ENGLISH LEVER. ENGLISH LEVER. ENGLISH LEVER.

Sterling Silver, crystal face, English Keyless lever, ¾ plate, compensation Balance and Breguet Palladium Spring ... ... Cash Rs. 63, Credit Rs. 70.

18-Carat Gold, crystal face, ¾ plate, English Keyless lever, compensation Balance, Breguet Palladium Spring ... ... Cash Rs. 270, Credit Rs. 300.

ENGLISH LEVER. ENGLISH LEVER. ENGLISH LEVER.

"COVENTRY WATCH." "COVENTRY WATCH." "COVENTRY WATCH."

"COVENTRY WATCH." "COVENTRY WATCH." "COVENTRY WATCH."

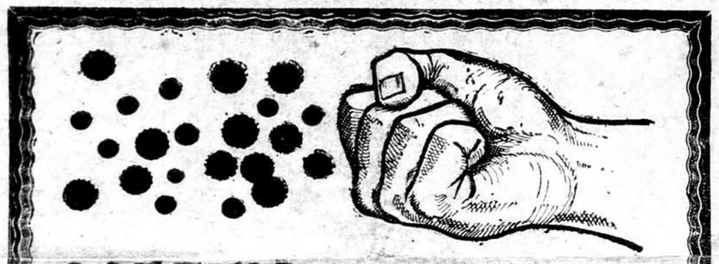
BREGUET PALLADIUM. BREGUET PALLADIUM. BREGUET PALLADIUM. BREGUET PALLADIUM.

BREGUET PALLADIUM. BREGUET PALLADIUM BREGUET PALLADIUM.

BREGUET SPRING. BREGUET SPRING. BREGUET SPRING.

MARCKS & CO., LD., WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS, BOMBAY & POONA.

BREGUET SPRING. BREGUET SPRING. BREGUET SPRING.



OGDEN'S "GUINEA-GOLD" CIGARETTES Knock Spots

OUT OF ALL COMPETITORS, BECAUSE THEY ARE The Purest and Best Value in the Market.

PROCURABLE EVERYWHERE. SOLE REPRESENTATIVE FOR THE EAST STANLEY OAKES, CALCUTTA.

GOLD MEDAL, HEALTH EXHIBITION, LONDON.

Benger's Food FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS & THE AGED

Delicious, Nutritive, Digestible.

From an Eminent Surgeon:

"After a lengthened experience of Foods, both at home and in India, I consider 'Benger's Food' incomparably superior to any I have ever prescribed."

BENGER'S FOOD is sold in Tins by Chemists, &c., everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.

An editorial in the INDIAN MEDICAL RECORD, of October 16th, 1897, says:

"For many years in India, a large number of enterprising firms in England and Europe have been flooding the market with so-called Foods for Infants and Children. It is remarkable to note how one after another these various brands of doubtful virtue have ceased to appear. Time and the public conscience have pronounced their verdict—and to-day we find BENGER almost alone. The admirable combination of the nutritive elements is so perfectly brought about as to render their digestion a matter of pleasant facility for the weakest man or the frailest infant. To-day the medical profession of India finds it cannot do otherwise than stand by a friend who has proved his only criterion to public support, namely, REAL WORTH."

THE BOONS AND BLESSINGS.

Recommended by 3007 Newspapers.

"They are a Treasure." *Standard.*

Sold by all Stationers.

"The Waverley Pen is a Treasure." *Standard.*

"The Owl Pen is par excellence the Ladies' Pen." *Court Journal.*

"The Pickwick Pen embodies an improvement of great value." *Engineer.*

They come as a boon and a blessing to men, The Pickwick, the Owl and the Waverley Pen.

MACNIVEN & CAMERON, LTD., WAVERLEY WORKS, EDINBURGH.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN AND HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES.

CHAMPAGNE. GEORGE GOULET. EXTRA QUALITY, EXTRA DRY.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY, SOLE AGENTS.

A New Era in Cod Liver Oil Manufacture.

We are indebted to recent scientific researches for the revelation of the no less surprising than important fact, that of all the Cod Liver Oil hitherto produced not a particle has been really pure, even when claimed to be "the purest"; however pure the source, the oil *must* by the present system of manufacture always be contaminated with decomposition products of its own fats, hence the nauseating and "repeating" properties.

With full knowledge of the cause Peter Möller soon found the remedy, and having remodelled his factories in accordance with the requirements of the new discoveries, he has now adopted a new system of manufacture which, for the first time in the history of this invaluable remedy, produces *the* pure oil, very different from other oils: easy to take, easy to digest, and quite free from the tendency to create unpleasant eructations.

THIS NEW OIL IS KNOWN AS

PETER MOLLER'S HYDROXYL-FREE COD LIVER OIL.

The Lancet, June, 8th, 1895:—"It is now known that Cod Liver Oil can be prepared, not only free from objectionable taste, but also *free* from the *tendency* to cause *unpleasant eructations*." This latter very disagreeable property has been removed by MÖLLER'S NEW PROCESS.

The Chemist and Druggist (London), May 1st, 1897:—MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL:—"It would be difficult to speak too highly of this oil: the taste marks the advantage of the hydroxyl-free process. one would not tell it to be an oil. The absence of eructation we have again tested and proved."

OF ALL CHEMISTS.

For Nervous Exhaustion,

CHAPOTEAUT'S Phosphoglycerate OF LIME

The modern restorative of the nervous system.

For brainworkers, professional men, teachers, students, etc. and in debility, seminal emissions, neuralgia of anæmic origin and insomnia.

It is readily assimilated and promotes digestion.

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE SYRUP (CHAPOTEAUT)

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE WINE (CHAPOTEAUT)

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE CAPSULES (CHAPOTEAUT)

8, rue Vivienne, PARIS-FRANCE

EPPS'S COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits:

DELICACY OF FLAVOR. SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY. GRATEFUL and COMFORTING to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC.

NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED. YOUR GROCER AND STOREKEEPER SELL IT.

Sold only in ¼ lb. and 1 lb. Tins. Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

EPPS'S COCOA.

DRAWING an OVERDRAFT ON THE BANK OF LIFE.

Late Hours, Fagged, Unnatural Excitement, breathing Impure Air, too rich food, Alcoholic drink, Gouty, Rheumatic, and other blood poisons, Fevers, Chills, Feverish Colds, Throat Irritation, Sleeplessness, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Skin Eruptions, want of appetite, Sourness of Stomach, &c., &c;—Use

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

Pleasant, Soothing, Cooling, Health-giving, Refreshing, and Invigorating.

NO HOUSEHOLD OR TRAVELLERS' BAG SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

IN HOT OR FOREIGN CLIMATES ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' is INVALUABLE. It is the BEST and SIMPLEST preparation for regulating the action of the LIVER that has yet been discovered, and relieves the system of effete GOUTY, RHEUMATIC matter, the groundwork of FEVERS and other diseases, which, if retained, poisons the blood, and produces the most disastrous consequences. It allays nervous excitement, and restores the nervous system to its proper condition by NATURAL MEANS. The effect of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' upon any DISORDERED, SLEEPLESS and FEVERISH condition is SIMPLY MARVELLOUS. It is, in fact, NATURE'S OWN REMEDY, and an UNSURPASSED OK.

CAUTION.—See capsule marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.' Without it you have a WORTHLESS IMITATION. Prepared only by J. C. ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, LONDON, by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

NOTICES.

Stephen's Inks

The Violet Black and the Blue Black are the best Copying Inks for India.

Stephen's GUM

Sticks Quickly and Permanently Never Ferments or Moulds

NO STABLE IS COMPLETE WITHOUT

Horses', Dogs', Birds', Cattle Accidents and Ailments. First aid. 170 Pages. THE ELLIMAN VETERINARY BOOK. Copy 6d. post free, or the Label of a 2s., 2s. 6d., or 3s. 6d. Bottle, may be sent of. ELLIMAN'S EMBROCATION. No Horses kept—Ask for Dogs—Birds Section. This Free. Published by Elliman, Sons & Co., Slough, England.

FOR ACHES AND PAINS Rub In Elliman's

For Rheumatic Pains, Lumbago, Sprains, Bruises, Fresh Cuts, Sore Throat from Cold, Chest Colds, Neuralgia from Cold, Stiffness from Severe Exercise

Bottles, 8½d., 1/1½, 2/9, 4/- Jars—11/- and 22/-

Prepared only by ELLIMAN, SONS & CO., Slough, Eng.

YOU CAN TAKE

MALTINE with Cod Liver Oil when all other forms of the Oil disagree.

It is so palatable and digestible that "Patients unable to tolerate the purest and most carefully prepared cod liver oil can readily digest and assimilate it when combined with Maltine."

British Medical Journal.

APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies

A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, &c. Obtainable from BERSON & Co., Bombay and Poona, and all Chemists. Proprietor—MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON.

ATKINSON'S EAU DE COLOGNE

THE FINEST ENGLISH MAKE. More Fragrant; More Lasting; and very much more refreshing than all others.

Use ATKINSON'S AND BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Only genuine with "Warra Pous" Trade Mark. Of all Dealers & of the Manufacturers, J. & E. ATKINSON, 24 & 25, Old Bond Street, London, W.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 June, 2017

Liqueur Exquisite Tonic Digestive and Efficacious.

BENEDICTINE

Possessing most powerful Germ-killing Properties

The BENEDICTINE liqueur is beneficial to health owing to its spirituous foundation being composed only of eau-de-vie of the very purest quality.

Its principal characteristics may be summed up as follows :—

Distinctness of taste, richness of flavour and a delicious bouquet improving with age. Moreover, the fact has never been disputed, that when diluted with water, the liqueur is possessed of great *antiapoplectic, aperient, digestive* and *antispasmodic qualities.*

Many celebrated doctors and literary men both in France and other countries have given the liqueur the brilliant testimony of their appreciation, as may be seen by the following letters :—

. . . . Those of my readers who have confidence in my culinary recommendations, and I trust they are many, will do well to note that I prefer BENEDICTINE to all other liqueurs.

ALEXANDRE DUMAS.

. . . . At a time when the luxuries of the table are sought after on all sides, I do not hesitate to acknowledge and recommend BENEDICTINE as the queen of liqueurs, now to be seen on any table. It is found and appreciated alike in restaurants, in private families, and on the tables of princes.

H. DE PENE.

. . . . . We place BENEDICTINE upon our tables for its excellent flavour and delicate perfume, without thinking that this dainty is a powerful specific, a liqueur most efficacious for promoting digestion and the regular circulation of the blood.

TIMOTHEE TRIMM.

After meals we know of nothing more agreeable than a small glass or two of BENEDICTINE. It perfumes the breath, delights the palate, promotes digestion, and is a powerful aid to an inactive or overloaded stomach. During an epidemic, and for combating the evil effects of an impure atmosphere, its curative action is indisputable. At the beginning of last autumn we had occasion to appreciate the full value of this liqueur, and we are now happy to give it our highest praise.

Dr. MALLET.

We place all our confidence in the hygienic properties of BENEDICTINE. Invalids and those who suffer from diseases of the respiratory organs, headache, etc., and who cannot take other liqueurs, can safely make BENEDICTINE their favourite drink as a finish to their meals.

Dr. ACHILLE PEQUEUR.

I consider your excellent liqueur invaluable to the old who so frequently suffer from indigestion and attacks of biliousness which often prove fatal. BENEDICTINE has long been well known to me, and it was with great readiness that I ordered our religious and my head resident doctor to administer it as a cordial according to your directions.

Dr. J. ROUX DE BRIGNOLLES,
Medecin en chef
de l'Hospice de la Charité de Marseille.

LADIES!!

HAVE you heard of the NEW DISCOVERY ?
No, what is it ?
TRIPLE-SEWING MACHINES,
With all the Latest Improvements.
Simple to work, Elegant in Design, Strong and Durable.
The Days of the Old Sewing Machines are done.
Progress is the order of the day.
The TRIPLE-SEWING MACHINES give three kinds of Stitch :—

Lock Stitch.
Chain Stitch.
Embroider Stitch.

Highest Awards at Exhibitions.
Sold on Hire Purchase System.
Old Machines taken in Exchange.
Buying Agents wanted.

RUSTOMJI ARDESHIR & CO.,
SEWING MACHINE & CYCLE AGENTS.
CHIEF OFFICE IN INDIA :—
4, CHURCH GATE STREET,
BOMBAY.

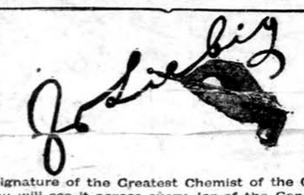
"HARLENE" FOR THE HAIR

THE VERY FINEST DRESSING.
SPECIALLY PREPARED AND DELICATELY PERFUMED.
RESTORES THE HAIR.
PROMOTES THE GROWTH.
ARRESTS THE FALL.
STRENGTHENS THE ROOTS.
REMOVES DANDRUFF.
ALLAYS ALL IRRITATION.

Full description and directions for use in 20 languages supplied with every bottle.

1s., 2s. 6d., and (3 times 2s. 6d. size) 4s. 6d. per Bottle, from Druggists, etc., all over the world.

EDWARDS' HARLENE CO., 95 & 96, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, ENG.



The Signature of the Greatest Chemist of the Century.
You will see it across every Jar of the Genuine

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT.

There are many inferior substitutes with which the Liebig Company has no connection, so always look for above signature in blue.

Gold Medals, Paris, 1878 : 1889.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S PENS

Of Highest Quality, and Having Greatest Durability are Therefore CHEAPEST.

PRESERVE YOUR TEETH
and teach the Children to do so, by using

CALVERT'S

CARBOLIC TOOTH POWDER — Each is prepared with CALVERT'S purest Carbolic—the best Dental Preservative. They sweeten the Breath and prevent Infection by Inhalation. THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY DENTIFRICES. THE SHAHZADA liked CALVERT'S CARBOLIC TOOTH POWDER so much that he ordered a large supply for home use. — CARBOLIC TOOTH PASTE

6d., 1/-, 1/6, and 1-lb. 5/- Tins. — 6d., 1/-, and 1/6 Pots.

AVOID IMITATIONS, WHICH ARE NUMEROUS AND UNRELIABLE.

F. C. CALVERT & Co., MANCHESTER.
AWARDED 80 GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE.
THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*
CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially Consumption of the latter, whence it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have become convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients protested that they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S Oil was not only retained, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognised; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."

DR. R. C. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS'S Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANGAR, HARFORD & Co., and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signature.

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES.
ANGAR, HARFORD & Co., Limited, 21[illegible], HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH.

SCRUBB'S CLOUDY FLUID AMMONIA

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION.

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Invigorating in Hot Climates. Cleans Plate and Jewellery.

For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.

SCRUBB & CO., GUILDFORD ST., LAMBETH, LONDON, S.E.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.

COGNAC A.I. — INVALIDS' PORT — AMOROSO SHERRY — PALL MALL WHISKY

"The Wine Shippers of the East."

Napier Johnstone's Whisky.

Brodie & Co.'s & The Camuslynie Whiskie

C. P. & Co.'s Clarets, Burgundies,
and every other Wine of
Good Quality.

BOMBAY.

MELLIN'S FOOD

For INFANTS and INVALIDS.

MELLIN'S FOOD CONTAINS NO STARCH, BUT CORRESPONDS CHEMICALLY AND PHYSIOLOGICALLY WITH MOTHER'S MILK.

MELLIN'S FOOD BUILDS UP HEALTHY AND VIGOROUS BABIES, AND REDUCES THE TROUBLES AND DANGERS OF VACCINATION AND INFANTILE SICKNESSES.

MELLIN'S FOOD for Infants and Invalids may be obtained of all Dealers throughout India.

Samples and Directions for Use, printed in Native Languages, together with a work on the "Care of Infants in India," can be had on application to—

BOMBAY—Latham, Abercrombie & Co. CALCUTTA—Mackenzie, Lyall & Co. MADRAS—Oakes & Co. KURRACHEE—H. Bustomjee & Co. RANGOON—Latham, Black & Co.

MELLIN'S FOOD COMPANY FOR INDIA, LTD.,
CALCUTTA WORKS, REDCLYFFE ROAD, UPTON PARK,
LONDON, ENGLAND.

MOIR'S PURE PICKLES.

Assorted kinds in Pint Bottles.

Manufacturers:
JOHN MOIR & SON, LIMITED,
LONDON, ABERDEEN & SEVILLE.
Head Office :—9 and 10, Great Tower Street, London, E.C.

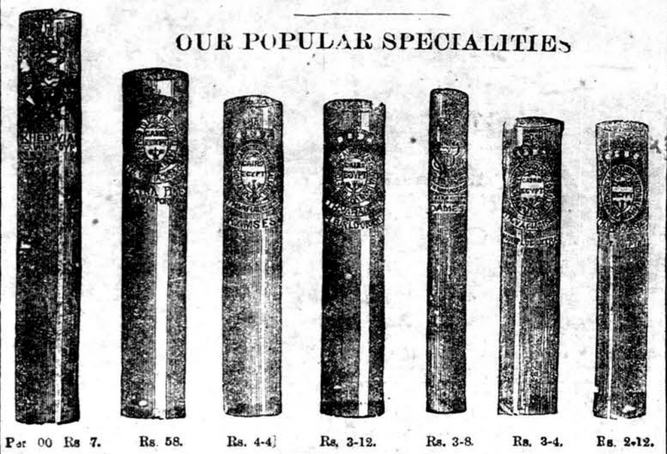
NOTHING FINER COMES

FROM THE LAND OF THE PHARAOHS THAN
THE ACME OF EGYPTIAN PRODUCTION
KNOWN AND SMOKED AS HIGH-CLASS

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES

BY THEODORO VAFIADIS & CO.

OUR POPULAR SPECIALITIES



Per 00 Rs 7. — Rs. 58. — Rs. 4-4] — Rs. 3-12. — Rs. 3-8. — Rs. 3-4. — Rs. 2-12.

AT CAIRO MANUFACTORY PRICES.

THEIR POPULARITY WAS NEVER SO GREAT,
THEIR SALE NEVER SO LARGE,
AS AT PRESENT.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEPOT AT

TH VAFIADIS & Co.

20, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

DAWSON'S BOOTS

NONE ARE GENUINE WITHOUT
THIS TRADE MARK
STAMPED ON THE SOLES.

JOSEPH DAWSON & SONS — REGISTERED TRADE MARK No 75360

FAC-SIMILE OF ORDER FROM ROYALTY!

KOKO

Eradicates Scurf and Dandriff, Prevents Hair Falling, Promotes Growth, and is the Best Dressing for the Hair. Perfectly Harmless, Clean, Cooling, and Invigorating.
Of all Chemists, &c., 1/-, 2/6, and 4/6 sizes.
Depot: 11, Gray's Inn Road, London, Eng.

Dec. 20th, 1895.

H. C. Aug. Kersten, Wilhelmsplatz Detmold. Lippe Germany.

Sir
I beg you to send me by return 6 bottles of Koko for the hair. You receive by P.O. 33/. If possible do not have it by Wednesday morning as it is for HER ROYAL HIGHNESS
PRINCESS VICTORIA
Of Schaumberg Lippe.
(Grandaughter of Queen Victoria and Sister to the German Emperor.)

ROYAL ORDER!
ROYAL ORDER!
ROYAL ORDER!
ROYAL ORDER!
ROYAL ORDER!
ROYAL ORDER!

PEARS' SOAP

WAITING FOR PEARS

A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE

LUBRICANT

("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR")

For CYLINDERS, VALVES, SHAFTING, BEARINGS, &c.

LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT, CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.

PRICE Rs. 2-12 PER GALLON.

Sole Manufacturers—ENGELBERT & CO.
BISHOPSGATE, LONDON.

Agents, with St — Messrs. MACBETH BROTHERS & CO., BOMBAY.

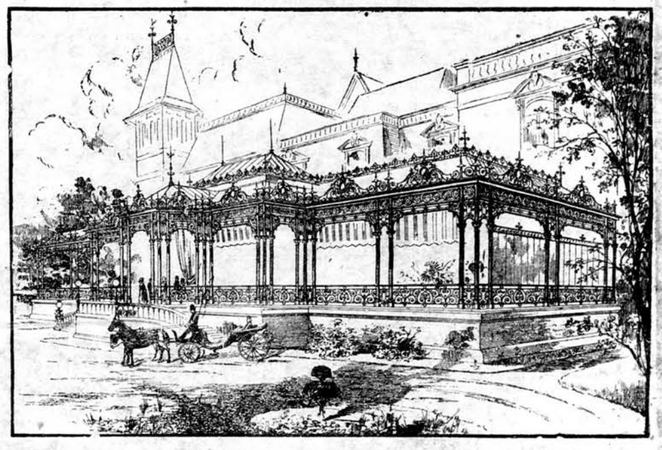
WALTER MACFARLANE & CO.

GLASGOW
SCOTLAND.

TRADE MARK — WALTER MAC FARLANE & Co GLASGOW SARACEN FOUNDRY — Trade MARK

ELECTRIC LIGHT PILLARS, BRACKETS, CARRIERS AND WIRE WAYS

CONSERVATORIES, LAMP PILLARS, SHOP FRONTS, BANDSTANDS, TOMB RAILS, VERANDAHS, BANNERETS, CRESTINGS, SPANDRILS, BRCKETS, COLUMNS, GATES, ARCADES, RAILINGS, PAVILIONS, PLASTERS, BALCONIES, TERMINALS, FLAGSTAFFS, ALTAR RAILS, ORNL. FRONTS, ORNL. ROOFING, CLOCK TOWERS,



STRAIGHT STAIRS, STABLE FITTINGS, ORNL. GUTTERS, SPIRAL STAIRS, ROOF PLATES, ORNL. PANELS, VENTILATORS, BALUSTERS, FOUNTAINS, GRATINGS, URINALS, PUMPS, CLOSETS, ASH BINS, HANDRAILS, GATE PIERS, R. W. PIPES, BATHS, SINKS, WASH STANDS, GARDEN SEATS, SEAT STANDARDS, CATTLE TROUGHS, SCHOOL FITTINGS.

MACFARLANE'S GLASS ENAMELLED DRAIN AND SOIL PIPES

ARE IMPERVIOUS TO RUST, HAVE PERFECTLY SMOOTH INTERIORS, AND CAN BE SUPPLIED TESTED TO ANY PRESSURE

ORNAMENTAL CONSTRUCTIVE IRONWORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES, PRICE LISTS AND ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

ALL WHO DESIRE TO HAVE SOFT VELVETY SKIN. CAN OBTAIN IT BY USING AN IMPROVED Preparation of their CELEBRATED GLYCERINE AND CUCUMBER.

BEETHAM'S LAIT Larola

IT KEEPS THE SKIN COOL AND REFRESHED IN HOT CLIMATES, AND PREVENTS IT BECOMING PARCHED and DRIED UP from Exposure to the Sun.

IT IS UNEQUALLED AS A DELIGHTFUL SKIN TONIC & EMOLLIENT

M. BEETHAM & SON, Cheltenham, England.

Bombay Agents.—Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Ltd.

Do your HARNESS & BELT Repairs WITH

Thomson's Slotted Rivets.

NO need to send out your Harness, Belts, &c. that are constantly in need of repairs if a short time in sending and waiting when you can do the job yourself.

No hole required to be punched simply drive Rivet as you would a tack, and clinch.

From all Iron-mongers and Stores in India, *If unobtainable, a gross, assorted sizes, to be post free from*

BIFURCATED RIVET CO., Ltd., 15, West Exchange, London, England.

Agents Wanted.

"Stocked by H. H. VARSEY & Co. Indian Star Co-operative [illegible] AHMEDABAD.

Published by the Proprietor, G[illegible] "Bombay Gazette" Offices at [illegible] Bombay, and printed at the [illegible] Office, Armenian Lane, Bazar.

AGENTS, London: G[illegible] Bell & Sons, KEY[illegible]